

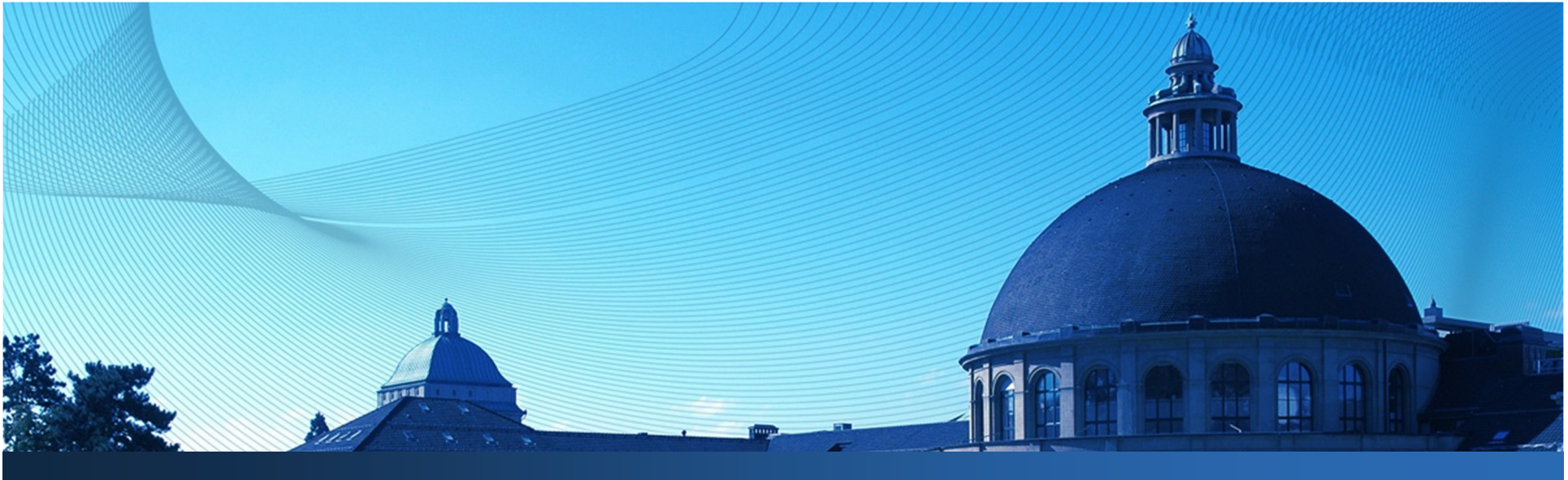
ETH

Eidgenössische Technische Hochschule Zürich
Swiss Federal Institute of Technology Zurich

Intelligent Solid State Transformers (SSTs) *A Key Building Block of Future Smart Grid Systems*

Johann W. Kolar ...

Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) Zurich
Power Electronic Systems Laboratory
www.pes.ee.ethz.ch



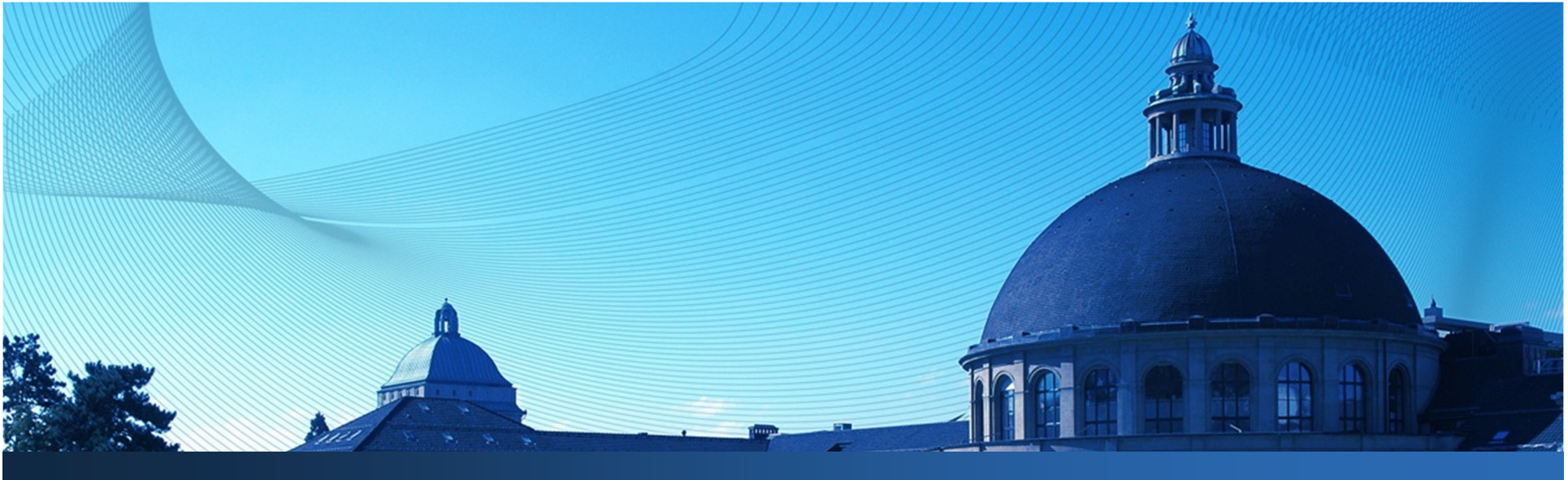
ETH

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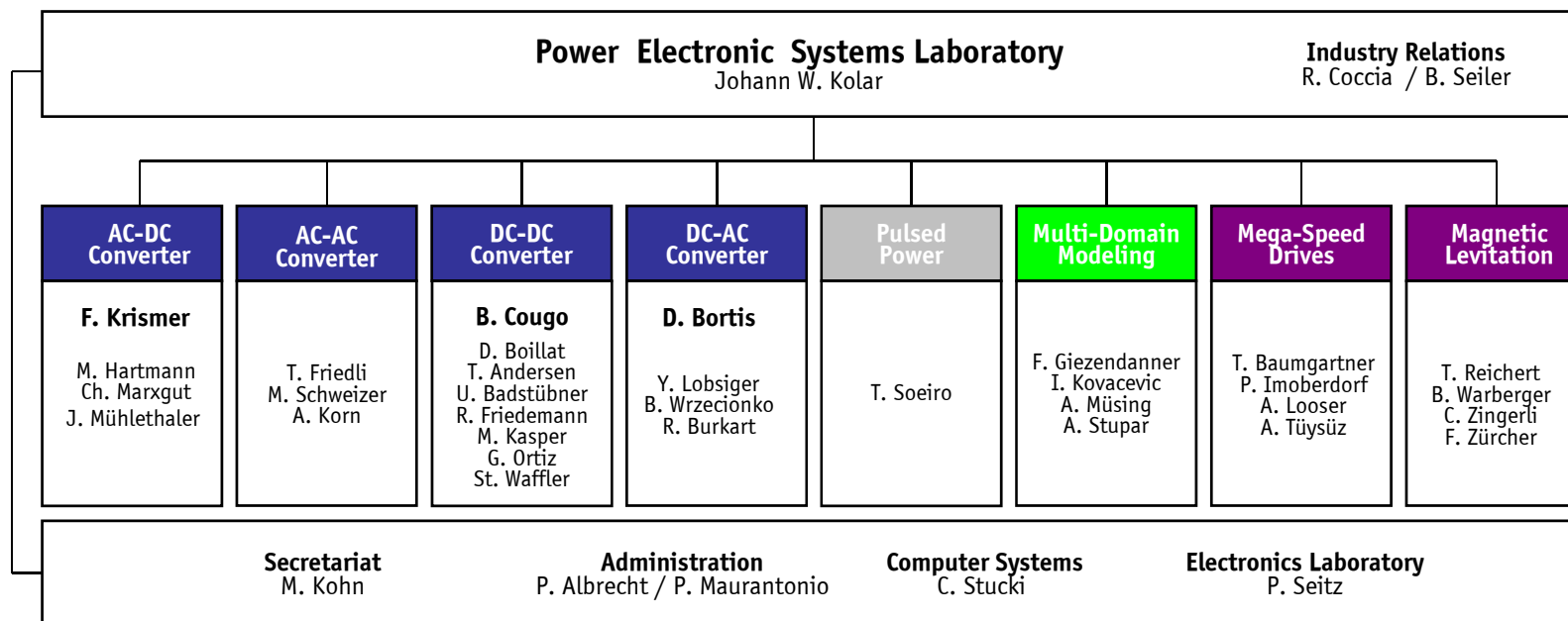
The MEGA Cube Project

Johann W. Kolar & Gabriel Ortiz

Swiss Federal Institute of Technology (ETH) Zurich
Power Electronic Systems Laboratory
www.pes.ee.ethz.ch



ETH Zurich - Power Electronic Systems Laboratory

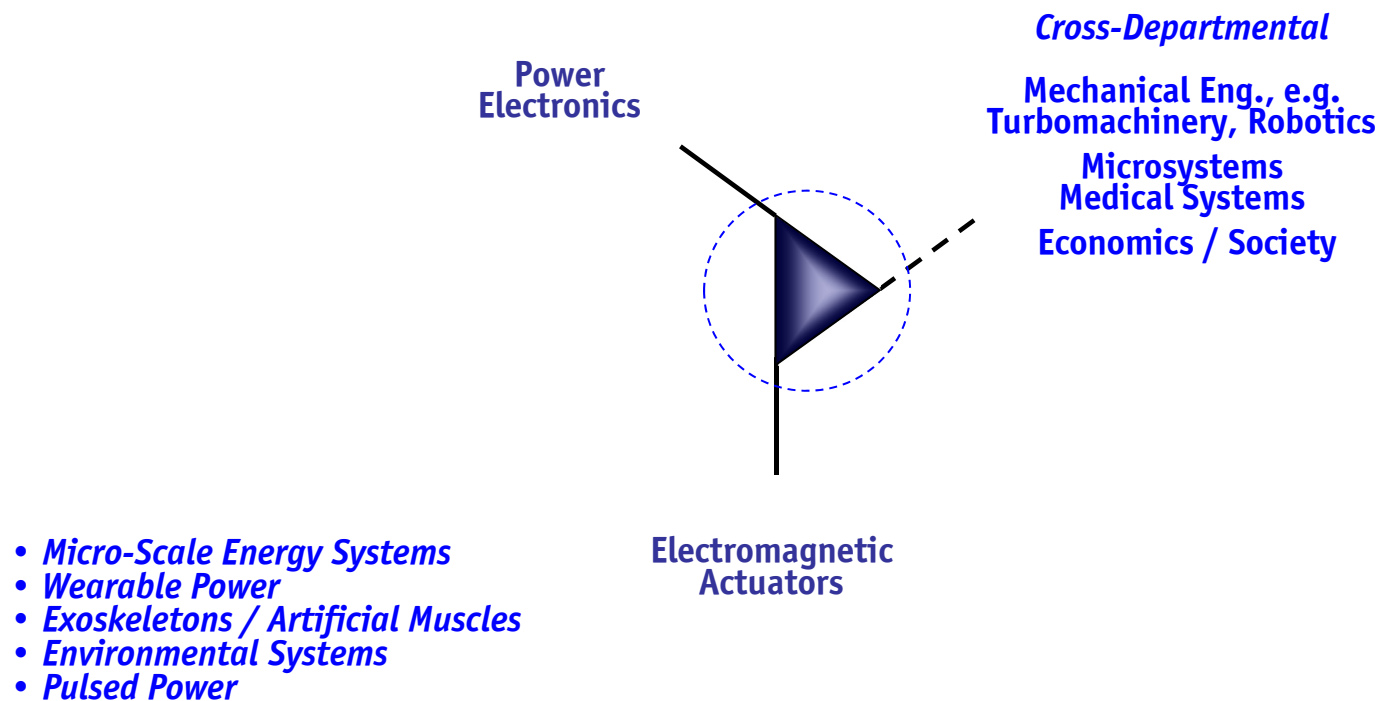


29 Ph.D. Students
3 Post Docs



Leading Univ. in Europe

PES Research Scope



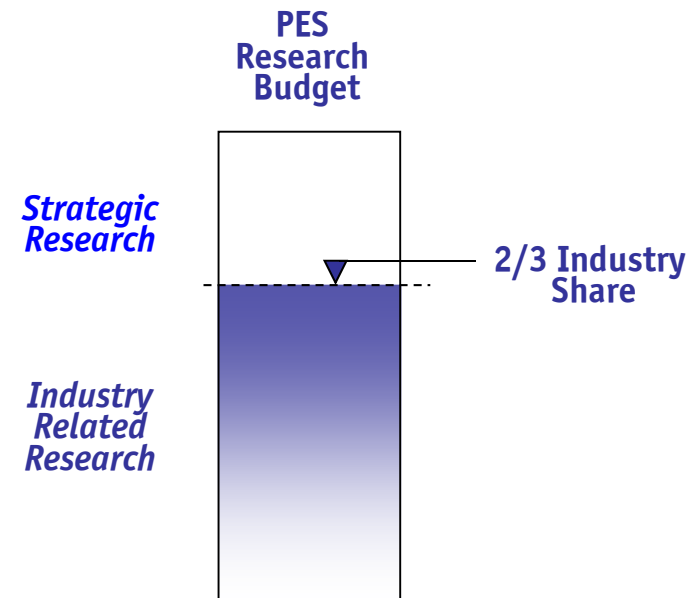
Industry Collaboration

► Core Application Areas

- IT Power Supply
- Renewable Energy
- Industry Automation
- Automotive Systems
- More-Electric Aircraft
- Semiconductor Process Technology
- Medical Systems

- Etc.

► 16 International Industry Partners



Examples of
Research Results

Ultra-Compact Systems
Super-Efficient Systems
MEGA Speed Drives

3- Φ Boost-Type PFC Rectifier

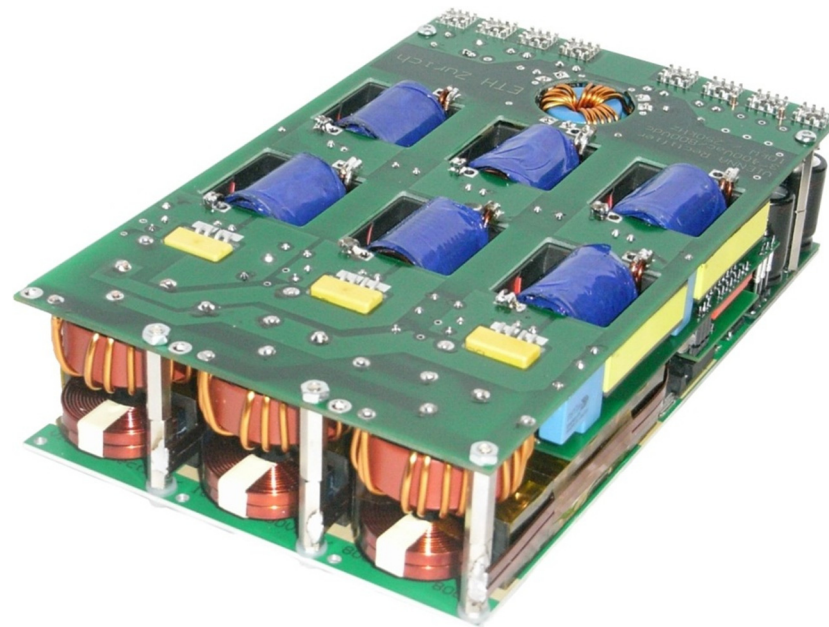
$P_o = 10 \text{ kW}$
 $U_N = 230V_{AC} \pm 10\%$
 $f_N = 50\text{Hz or } 360\text{...}800\text{Hz}$
 $U_o = 800V_{DC}$

$f_p = 250\text{kHz}$

► Si CoolMOS
► SiC Diodes

$\eta = 96.2\% @ P_o$
 $THD_I = 1.6\% @ P_o$
 $\gamma = 3\text{kW/kg}$

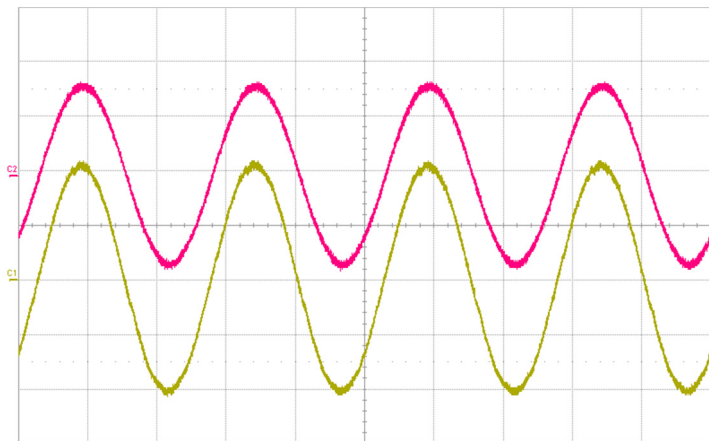
★ 10kW/dm³ Power Density



Mains Behavior @ 400 Hz/800 Hz

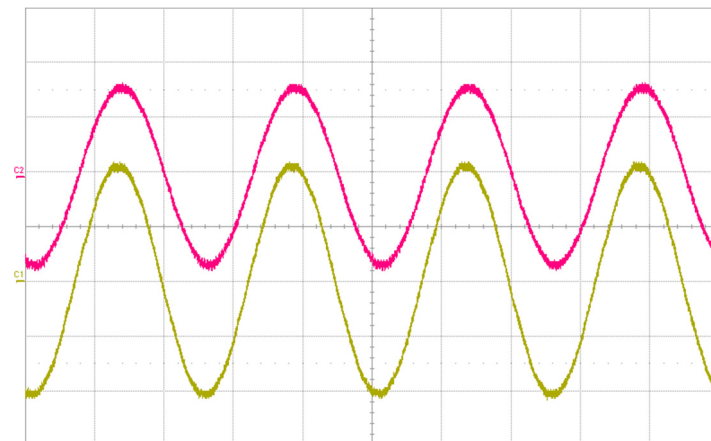
$P_o = 10\text{kW}$
 $U_N = 230\text{V}$
 $f_N = 400\text{Hz}$
 $U_o = 800\text{V}$
 $THD_i = 1.4\%$

10A/Div
200V/Div
1ms/Div



$P_o = 10\text{kW}$
 $U_N = 230\text{V}$
 $f_N = 800\text{Hz}$
 $U_o = 800\text{V}$
 $THD_i = 1.6\%$

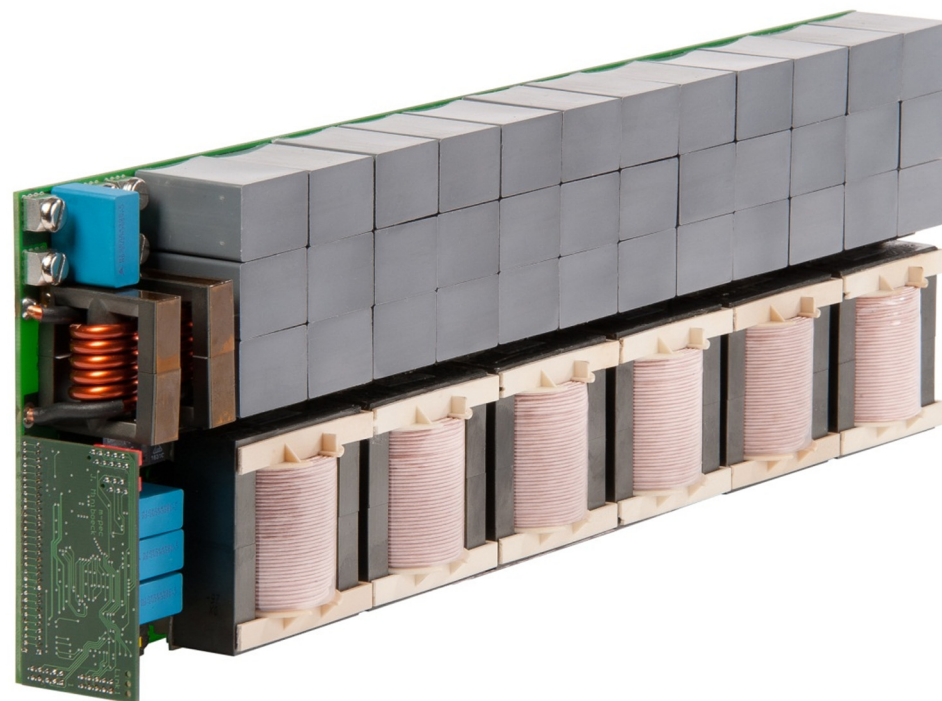
10A/Div
200V/Div
0.5ms/Div



Bidirectional Super-Efficient 1- Φ PFC Mains Interface

★ 99.3% @ 1.2kW/dm³

*Hardware Testing
to be finalized in
November 2011*



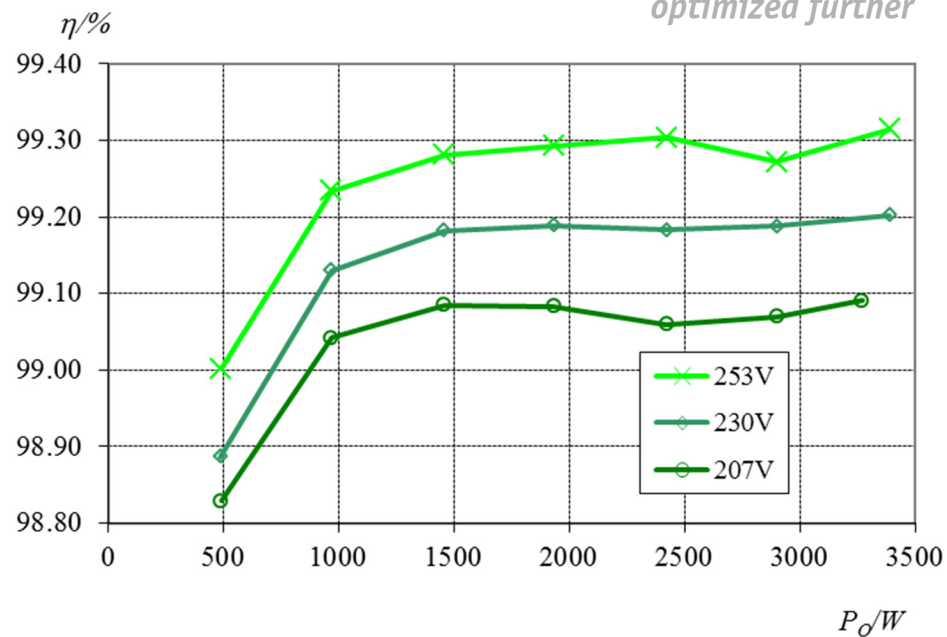
► Employs NO SiC Power Semiconductors -- Si SJ MOSFETs only

Bidirectional Super-Efficient 1- Φ PFC Mains Interface

★ 99.3% @ 1.2kW/dm³

Hardware Testing to be finalized in November 2011

Results of first testing; System still to be optimized further

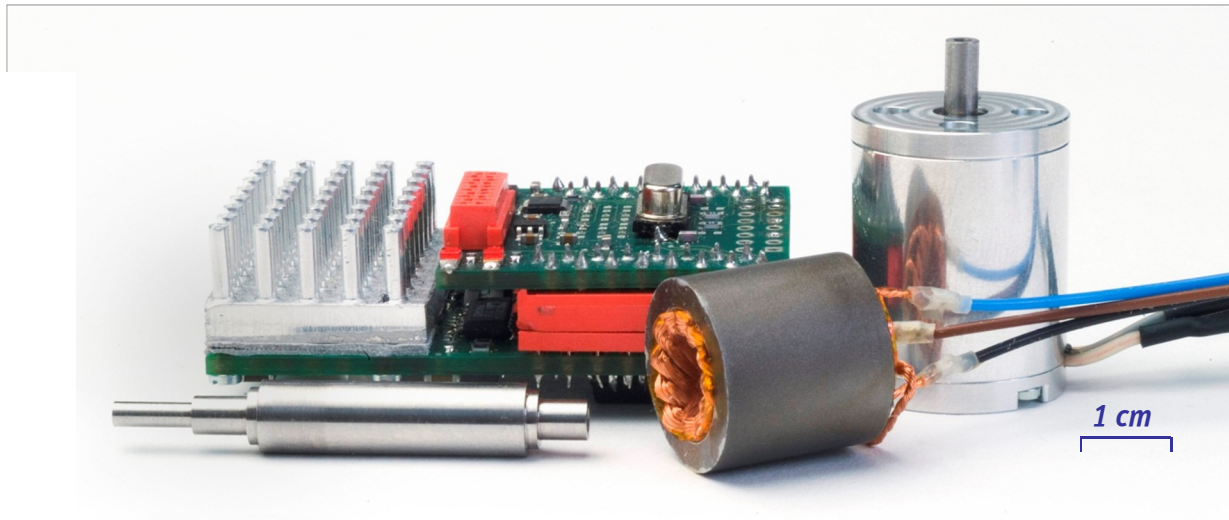


► Employs NO SiC Power Semiconductors -- Si SJ MOSFETs only

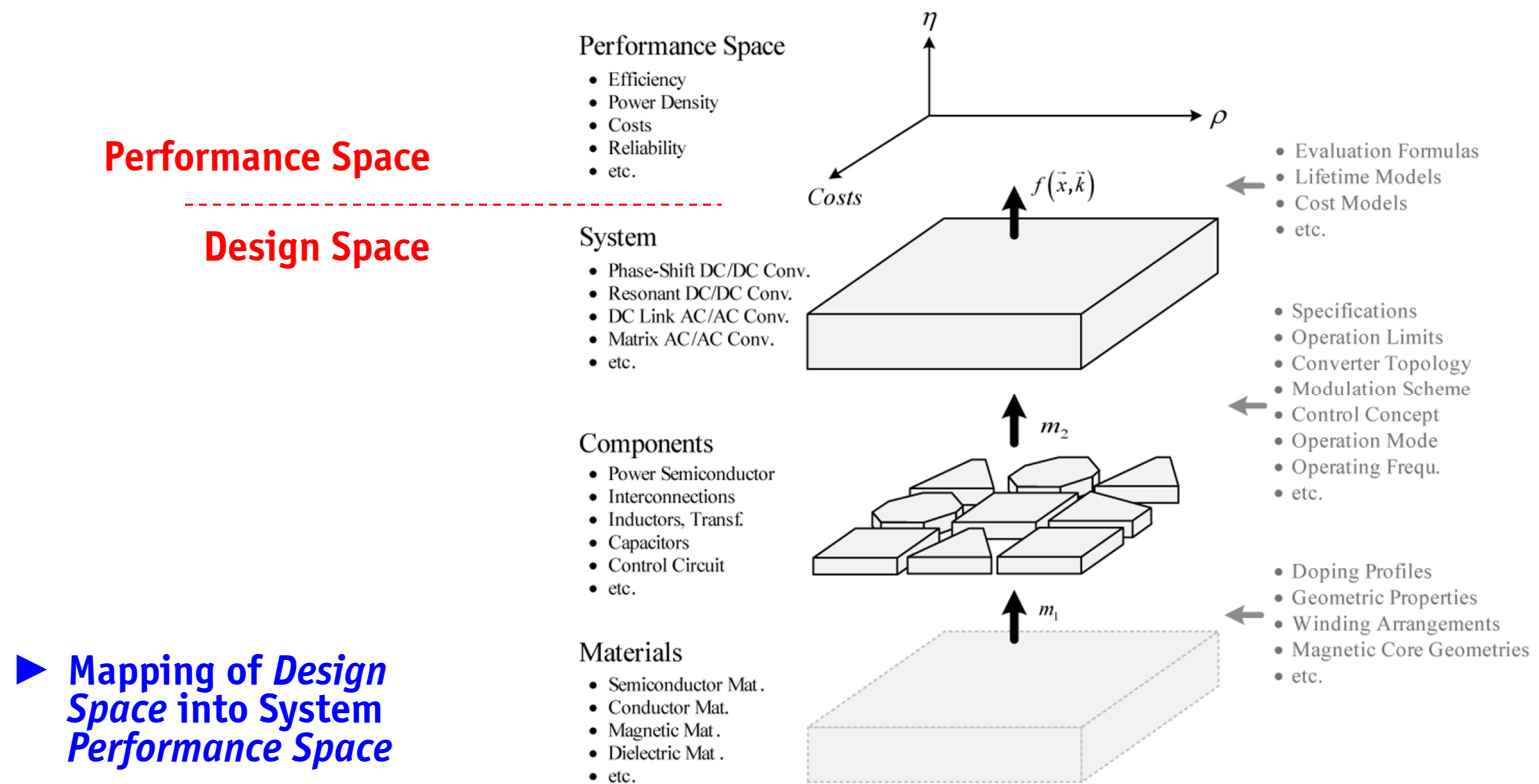
MEGA Speed Drive Systems

World Record !
100W @ 1'000'000 rpm

- μm -Scale PCB Drilling
- Dental Technology
- Laser Measurement Technology
- Turbo-Compressor Systems
- Air-to-Power
- Artificial Muscles
- Mega Gravity Science



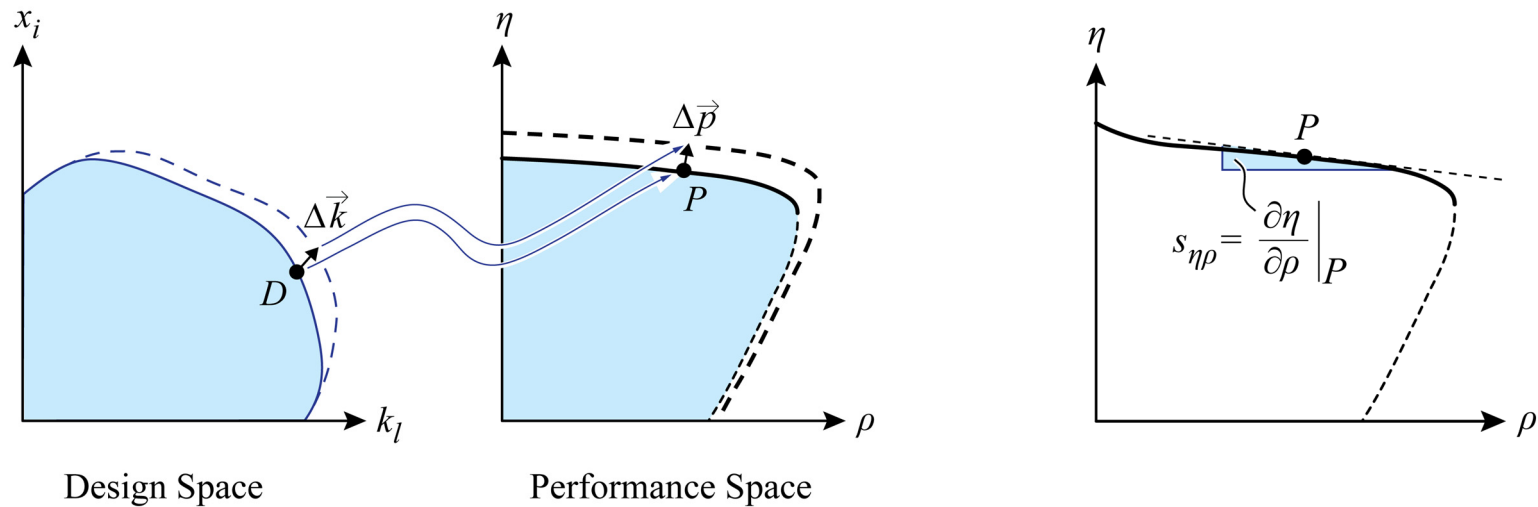
Abstraction of Power Converter Design



► Mapping of Design Space into System Performance Space

Technology Sensitivity Analysis Based on η - ρ -Pareto Front

- ▶ Sensitivity to Technology Advancements
- ▶ Trade-off Analysis

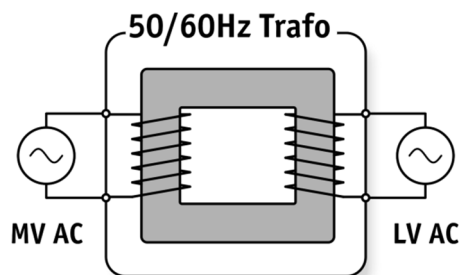


Outline

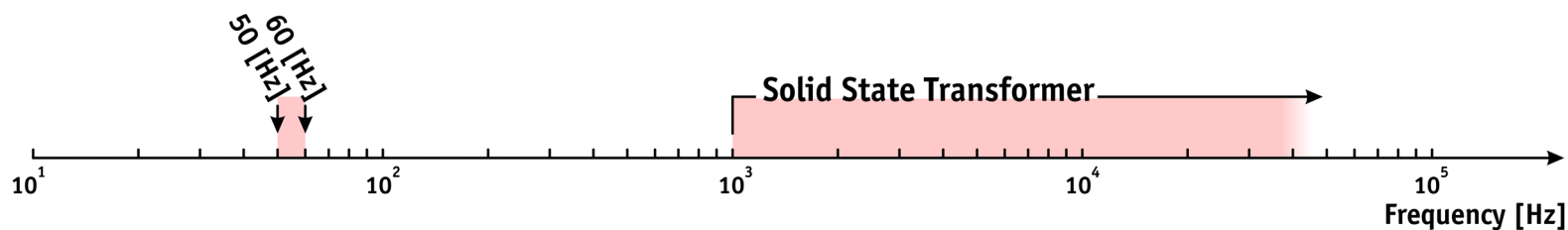
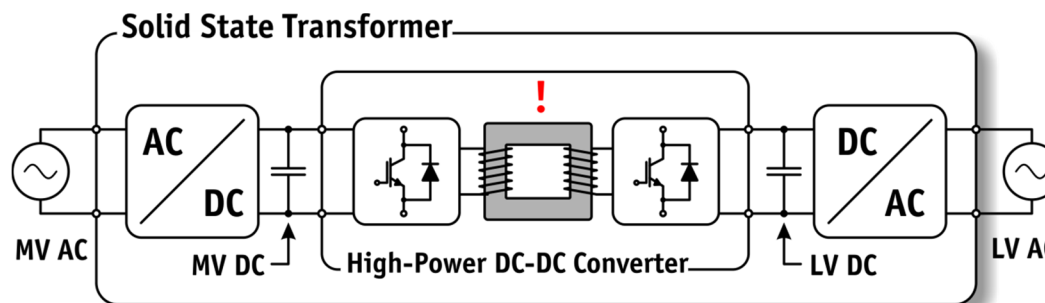
- ▶ **Introduction to SST Concept**
- ▶ **Applications of SSTs**
- ▶ **Overview of SST Research since 2001**
- ▶ **Details on the MEGA Cube**
- ▶ **Conclusions / Outlook**

Introduction to
Solid State Transformer
Concept

50/60 Hz Transformer



Solid State Transformer

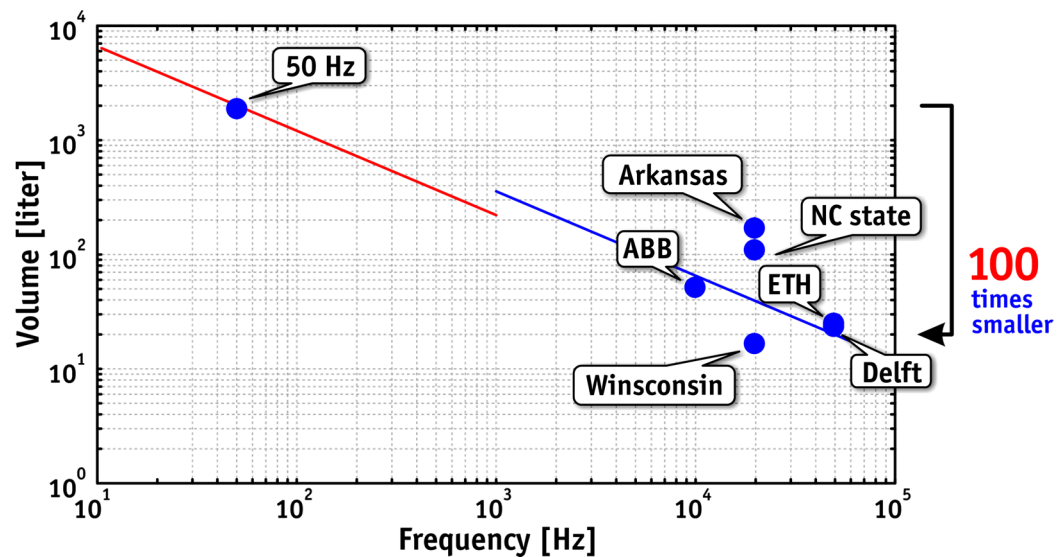


▲ 50/60Hz vs. SST Operating Frequencies in the kHz Range

Size/Weight Reduction

- Higher Operating Frequency Reduces Transformer Size/Weight

$$V_T \propto \frac{1}{\hat{B}} \cdot \frac{1}{f}$$

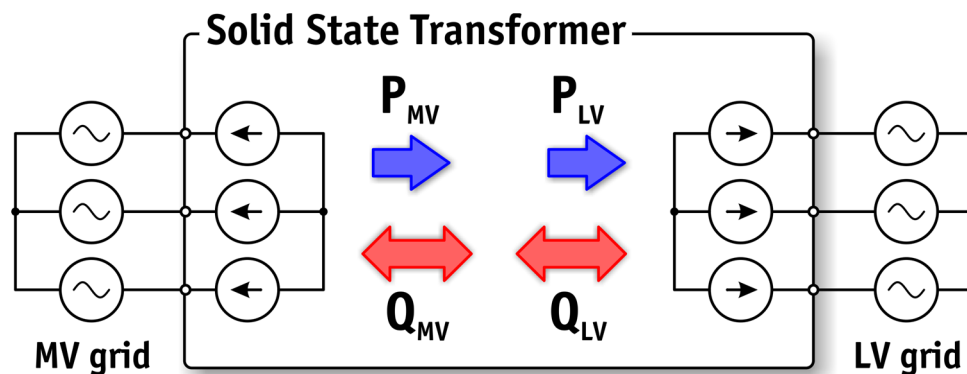


- ▲ Volume vs. Frequency of Transformers Realized in Previous Research Scaled to 1[MW]

Reactive Power Control

► Power Factor Correction

- VAr Compensation
- Active Filtering



$$P_{MV} = P_{LV}$$

$$Q_{MV} = !$$

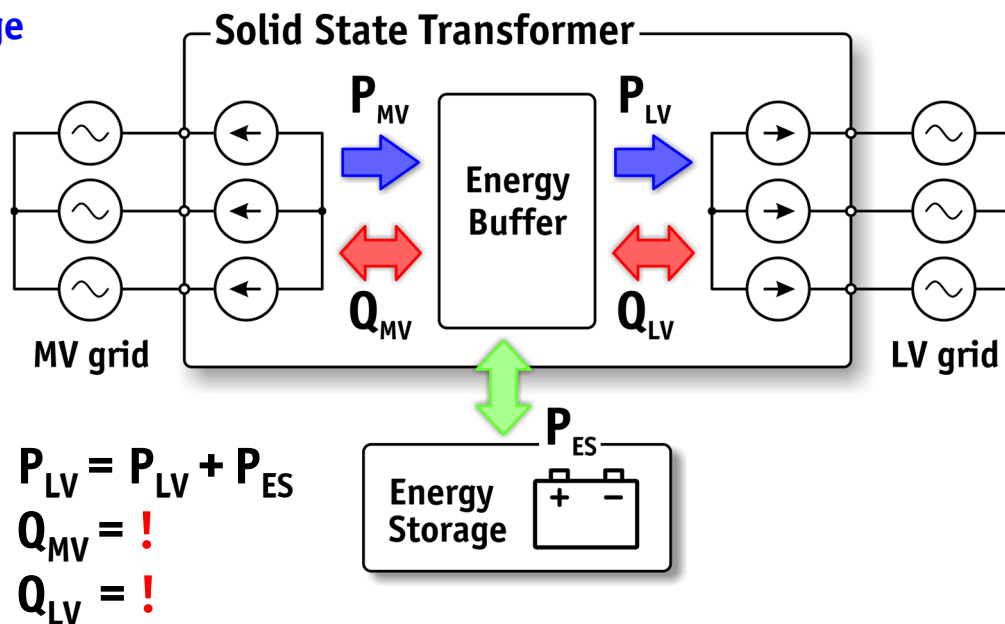
$$Q_{LV} = !$$

▲ SST providing Reactive Power Compensation

UPS Operation

▶ **Linked to Energy Storage**

- Ability to Source/
Sink Active Power in
Both Directions

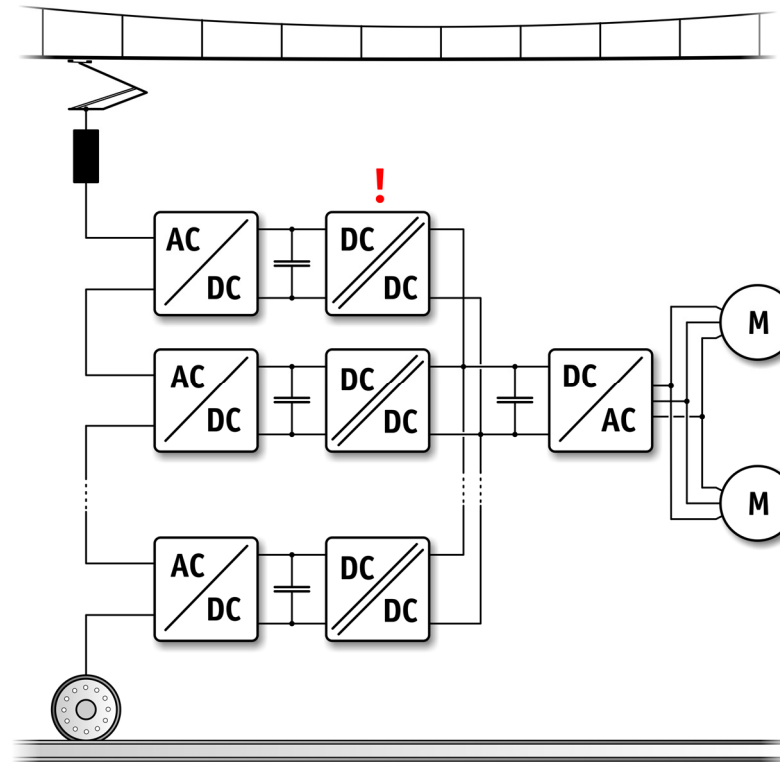


▲ **SST Linked to Energy Storage System - providing UPS**

Applications
of the Solid State Transformers

Traction / Locomotives

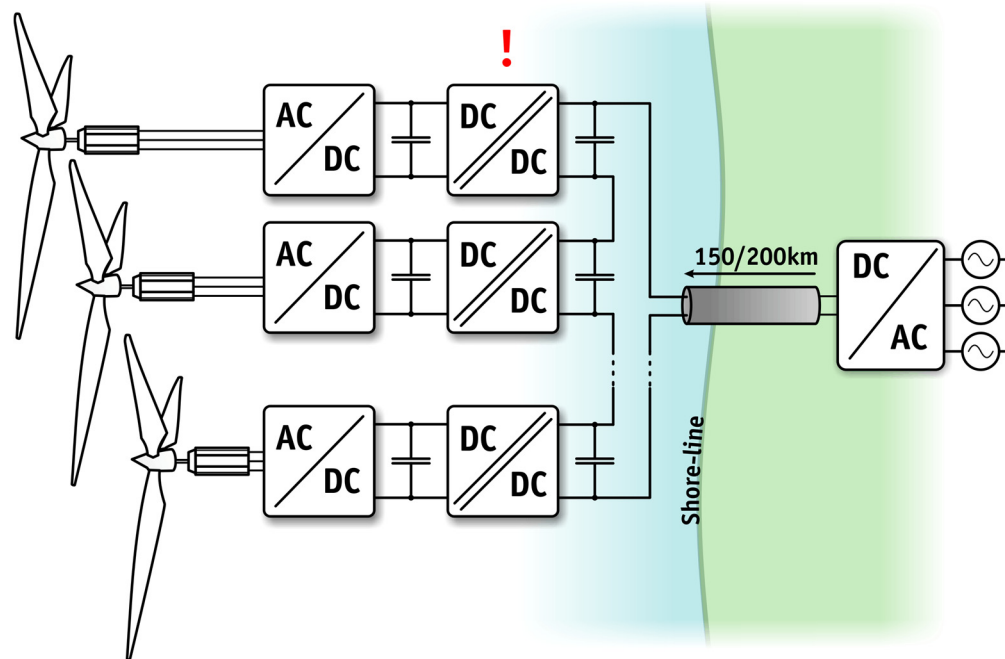
- ▶ **Reduced Weight/Size**
- ▶ **Increased Efficiency**
- ▶ **Reduced Line Filtering**



▲ SST Replacing the **Input Transformer of a Locomotive**

Wind Power

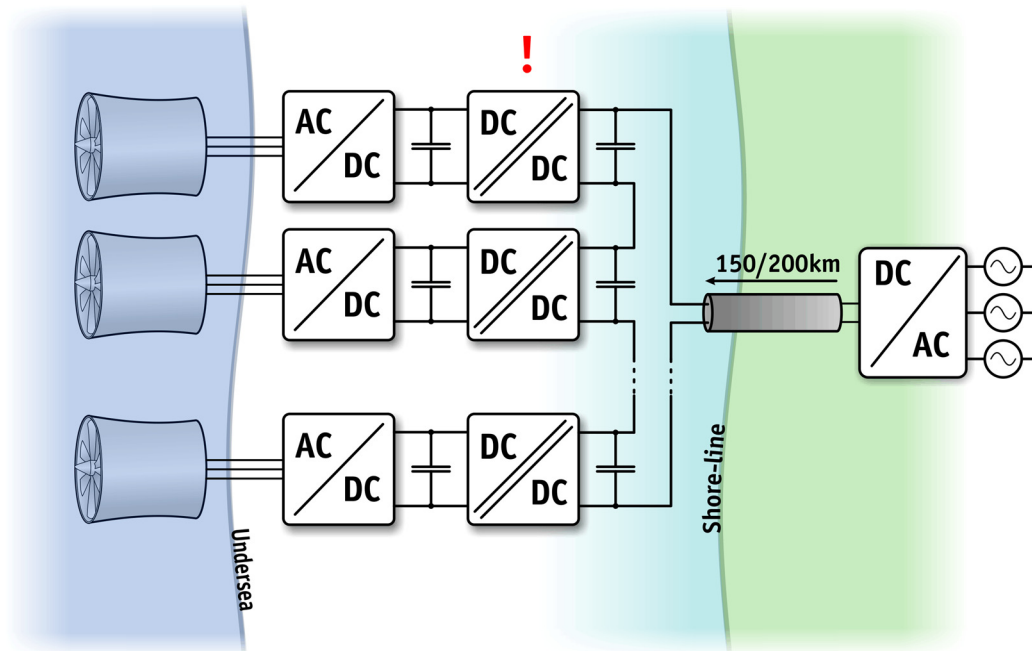
- ▶ Reduced Weight/Size
- ▶ Increased Efficiency of Power Transmission



▲ SST in Off-Shore Wind Farms

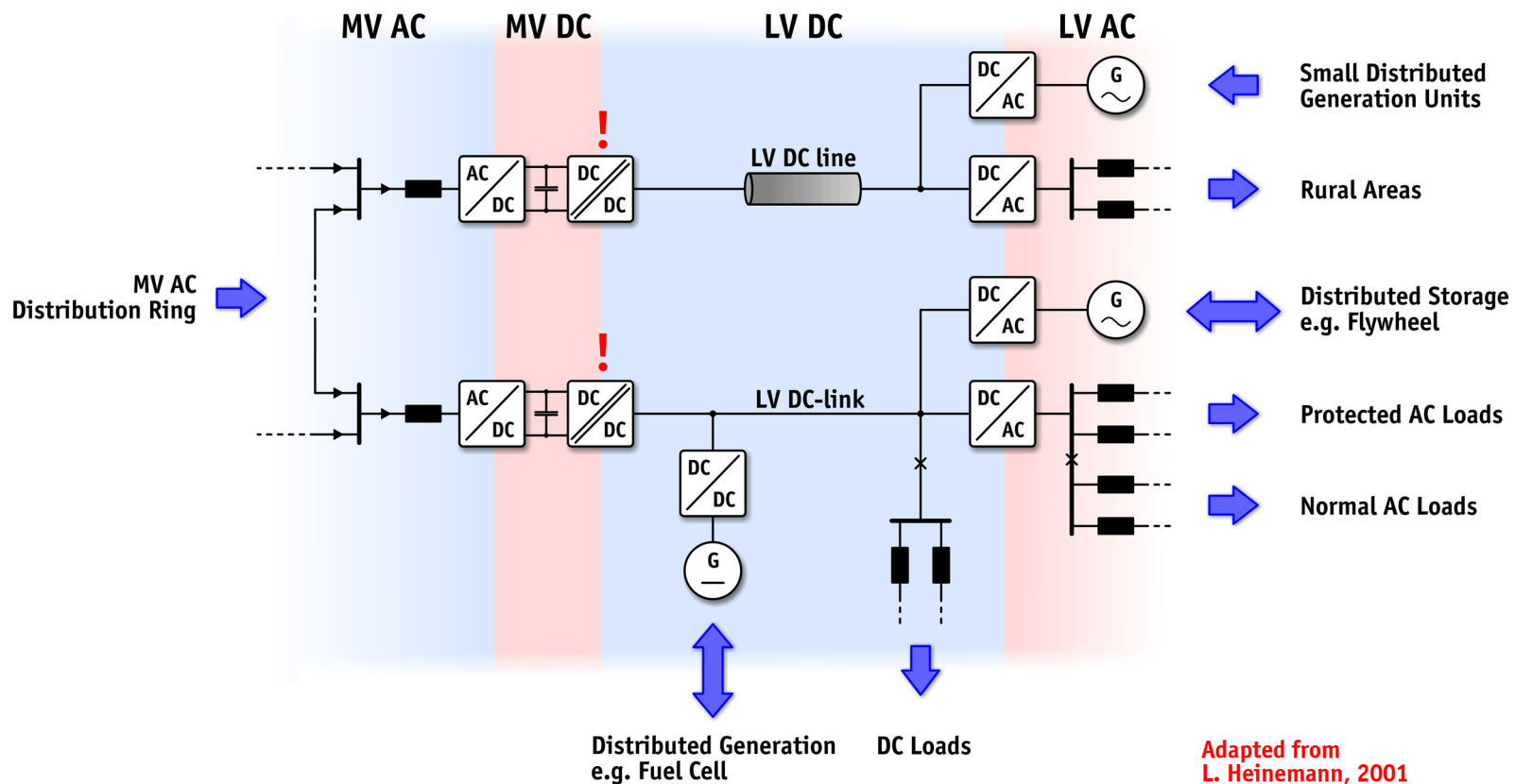
Tidal Power

- ▶ **Reduced Weight/Size**
- ▶ **Increased Efficiency of Power Transmission**



▲ SST in Tidal Power Plants

Smart Grid Scheme



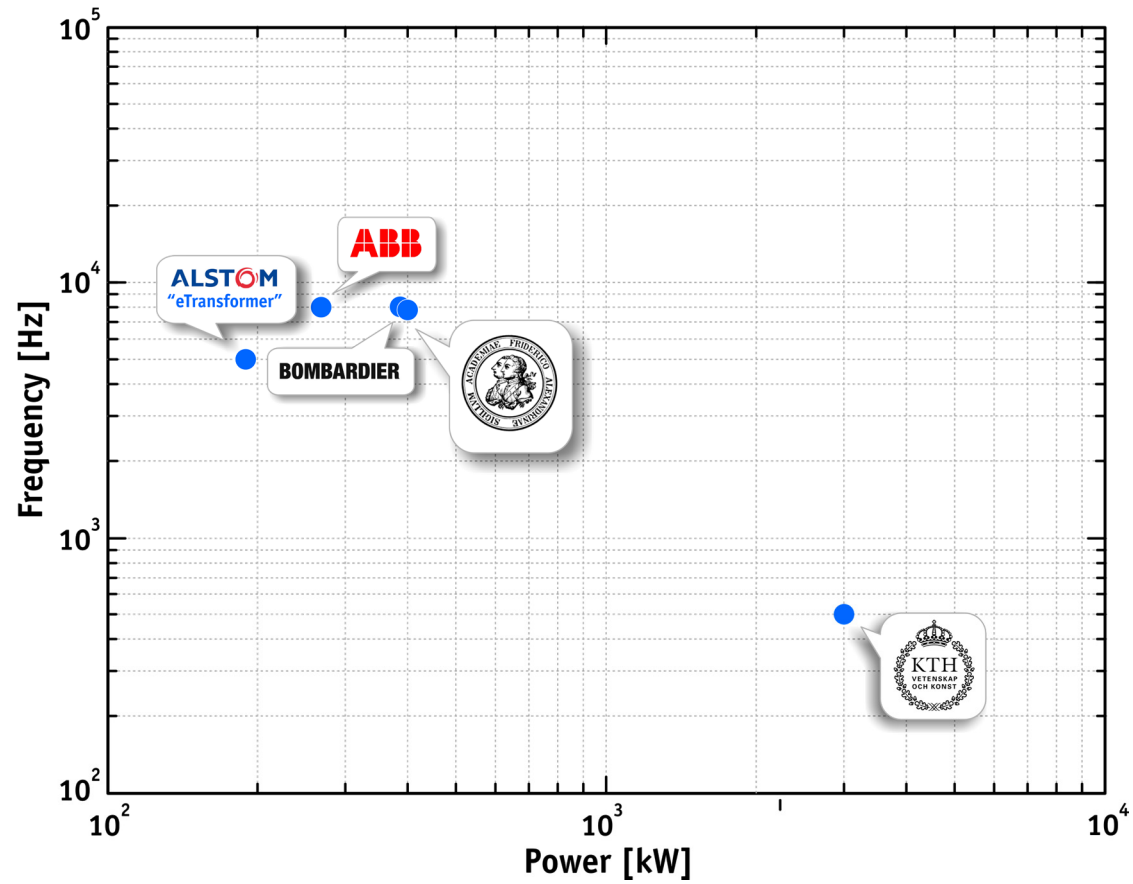
Overview of SST Research

over the last 10 years

*Introduction to
The MEGA Cube*

Traction Applications

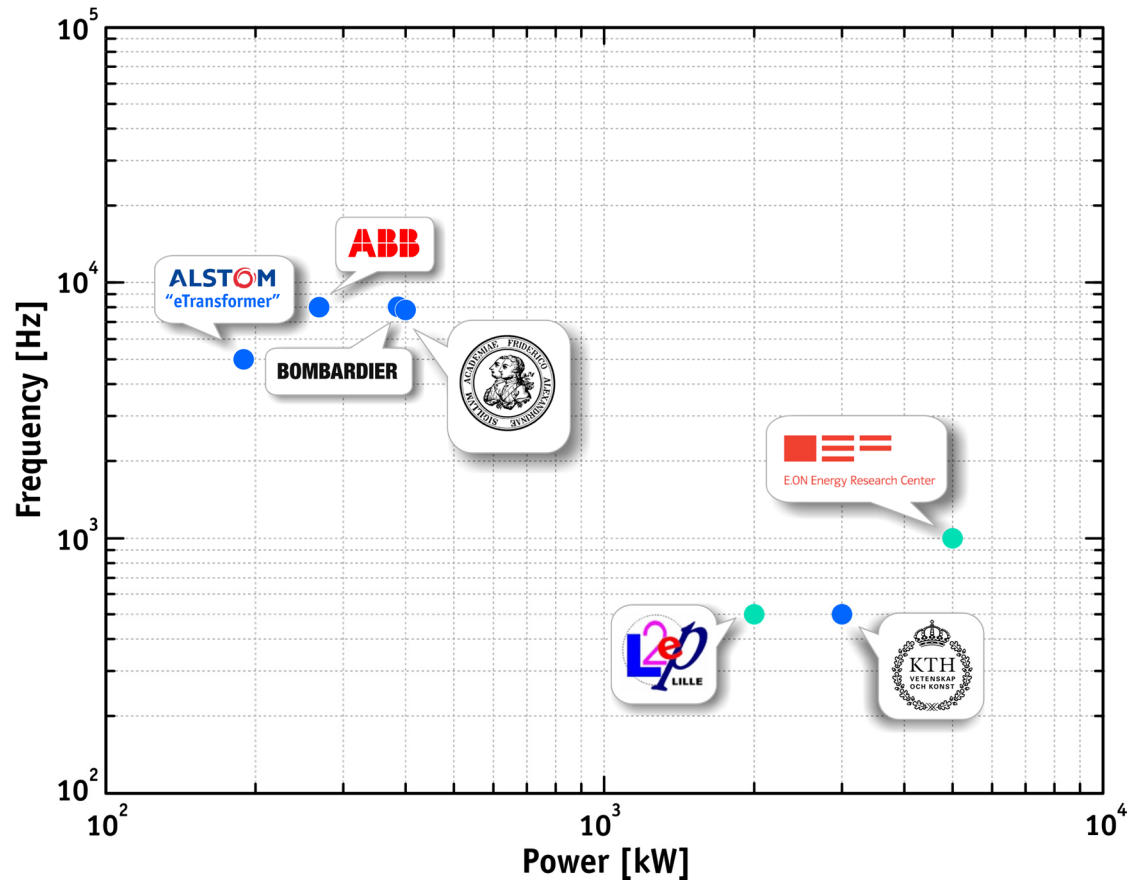
- ▶ 2001 ABB (ETH)
- ▶ 2007 Alstom
- ▶ 2007 Bombardier
- ▶ 2009 KTH
- ▶ 2010 Erlangen



SST Research over the Last 10 Years

Wind / Tidal Power

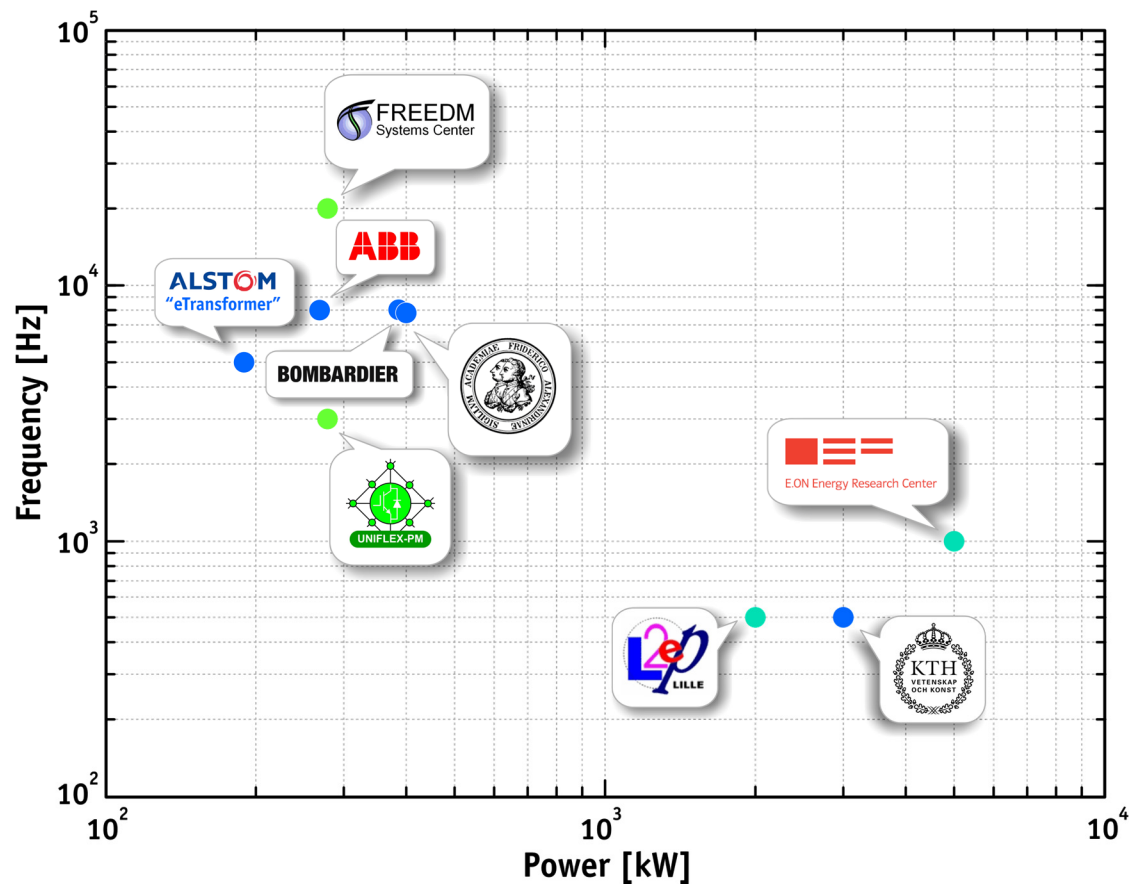
- ▶ 2009 Eon
- ▶ 2011 L.2.E.P.



SST Research over the Last 10 Years

Smart Grids

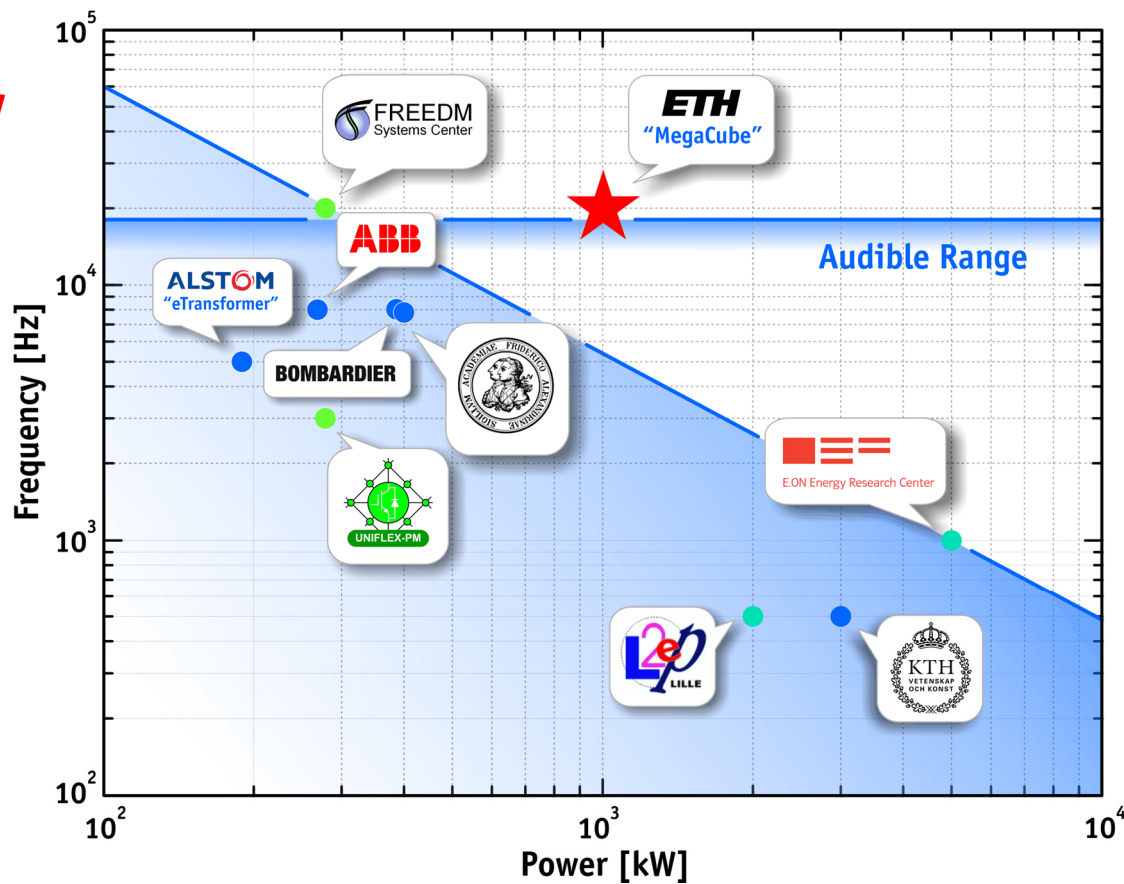
- ▶ 2006 UNIFLEX
- ▶ 2007 FREEDM



SST Research over the Last 10 Years

The MEGA Cube @ ETH Zurich

- ▶ 1MW
- ▶ 20 kHz
- ▶ 12kV MV → 1.2kV LV



SST Research over the Last 10 Years... plus MEGA Cube

Details on
The MEGA Cube

Medium-Voltage Side
12kV - 20kHz

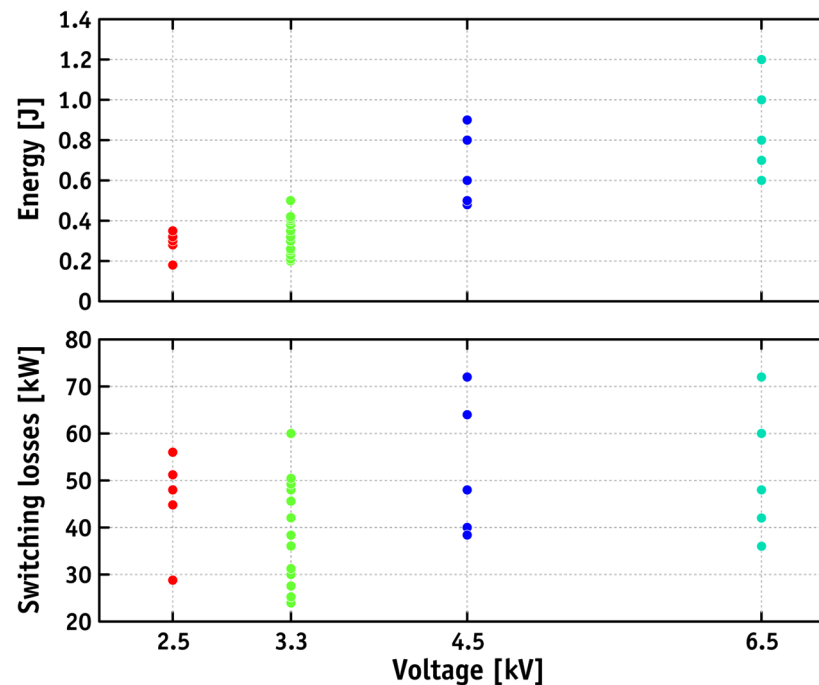
High-Voltage IGBTs

- ▶ Not Designed for Medium-Frequency Operation
- ▶ Zero-Current-Switching Schemes Required



◀ 4.5 kV/150 A ABB IGBT Module

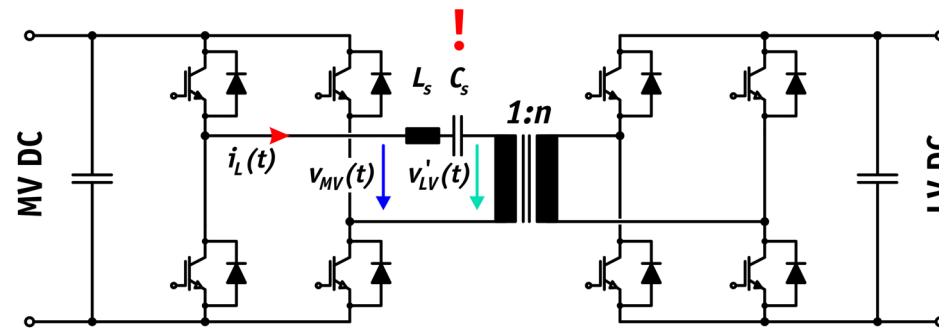
▲ 100 A Turn-Off Energies
▲ 100 A/20 kHz Switching Losses



Dual Active Bridge DC/DC Converter

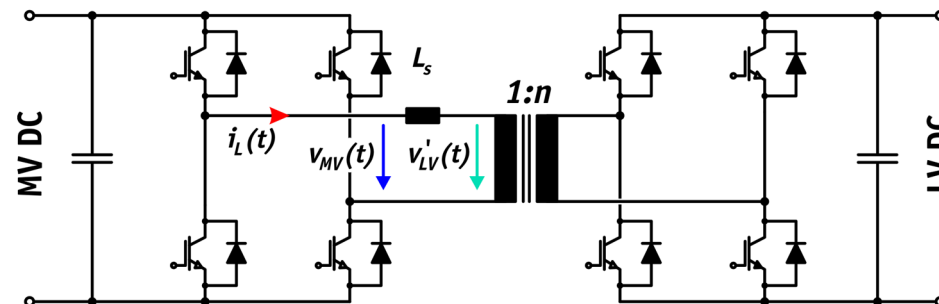
► Resonant

- Capacitor and Inductor in Series with Transformer
- Low Switching Losses in MV and LV Bridges



► Triangular Current

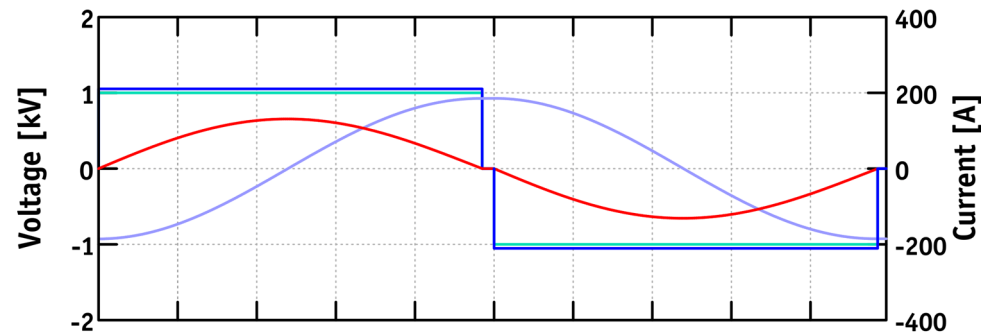
- Only Inductor in Series with Transformer
- High Switched Currents on LV Side



Resonant vs. Triangular Current DAB

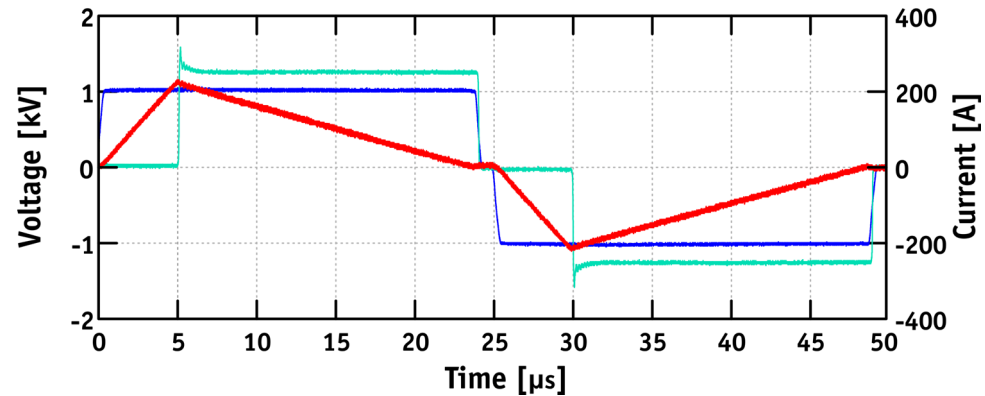
► Resonant

- ZCS on LV and MV Sides
- Low Controllability of Transferred Power



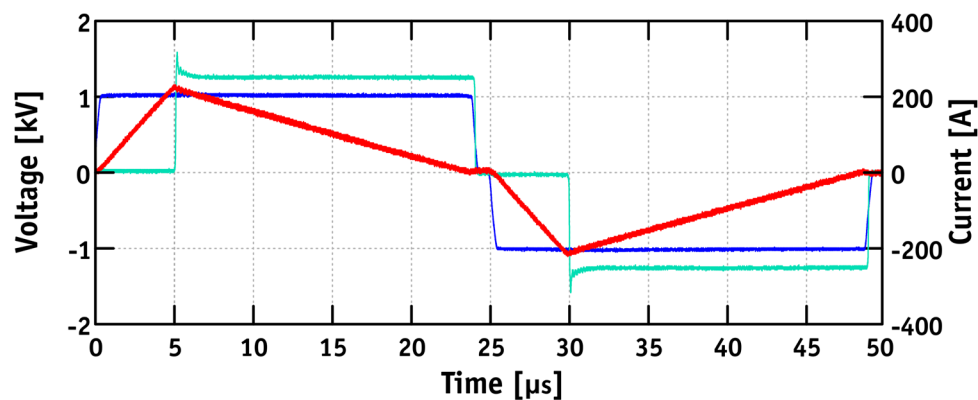
► Triangular Current

- ZCS only on MV Side
- Duty Cycle Power Flow Control

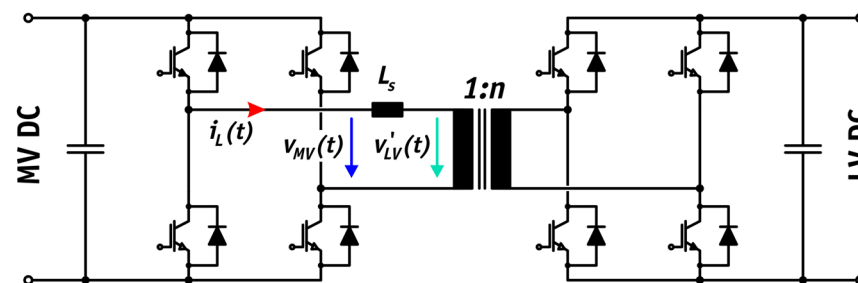


Triangular Current DAB

- ▶ Enables ZCS Only on MV Side
- ▶ All Current Turn-Off Events Shifted to LV Side

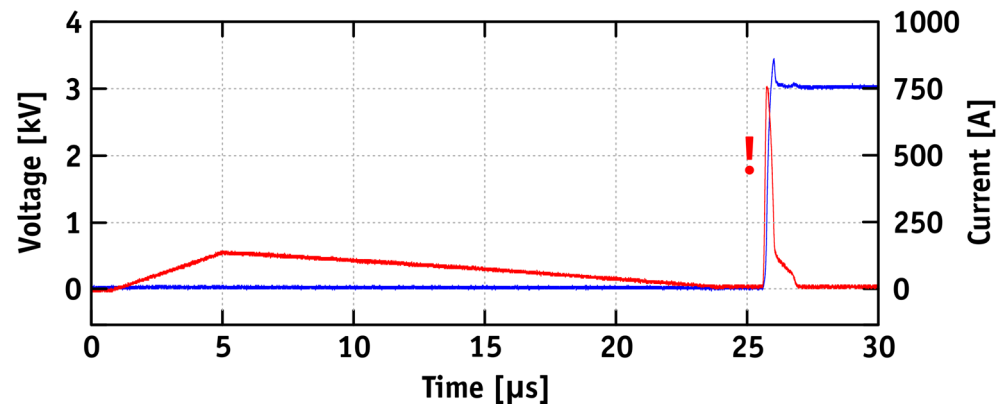
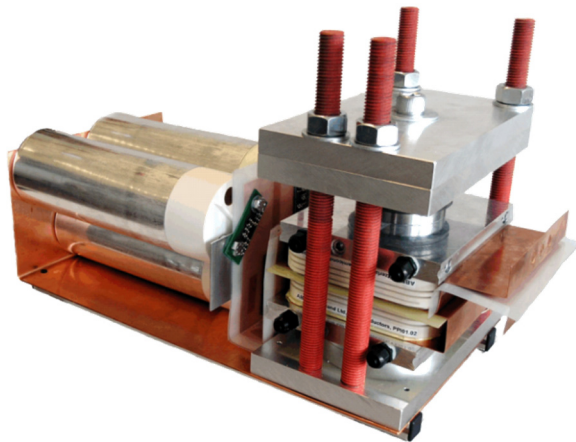


Shown for Power Transfer from MV to LV Side



MV Switch Realization - 4.5 kV IGBT

► Large Tail Current Despite ZCS

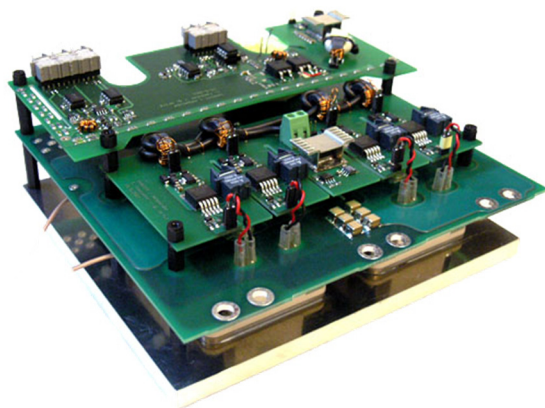


▲ 4.5kV Press-Pack IGBT Testbench

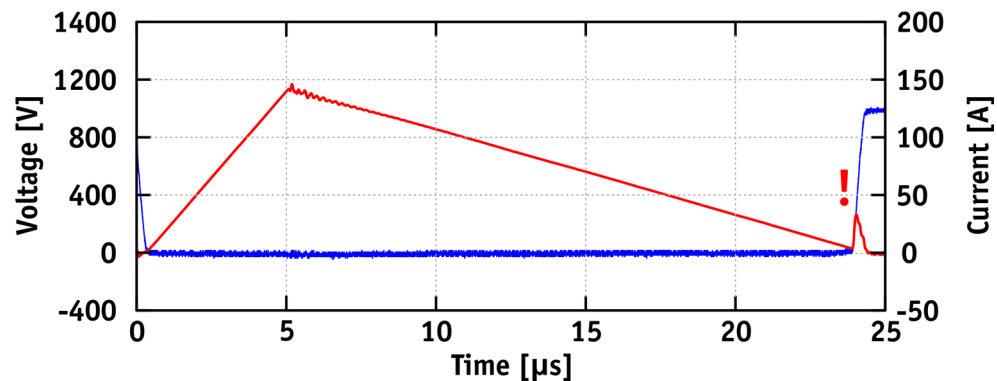
▲ ZCS Testing @ 3kV DC-Link 150A Peak

MV Switch Realization - 1.7 kV IGBT

- ▶ Testbenches for NPT and PT 1.7kV IGBTs
- ▶ Massive ZCS Loss Reduction



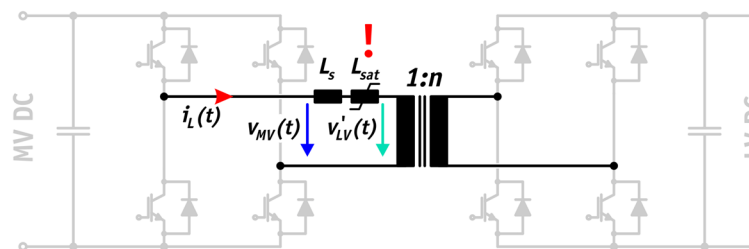
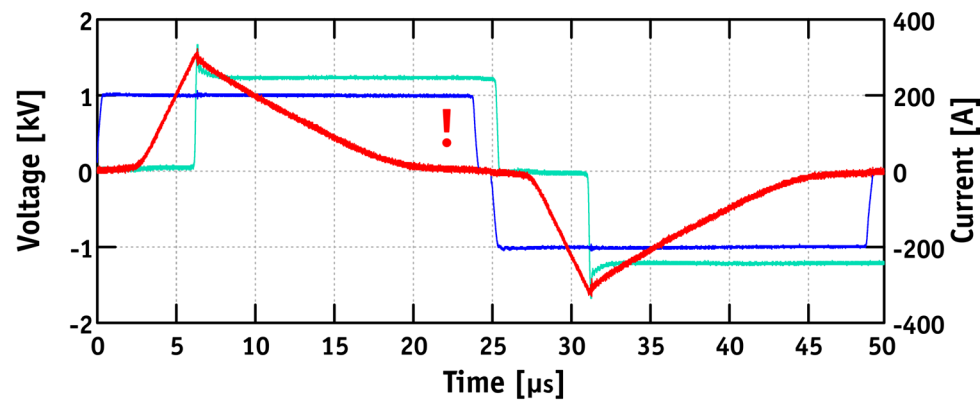
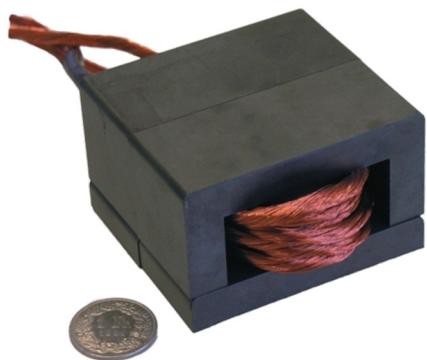
▲ 1.7kV PT IGBT NPC Module



▲ ZCS Testing @ 1kV DC-Link 150A Peak

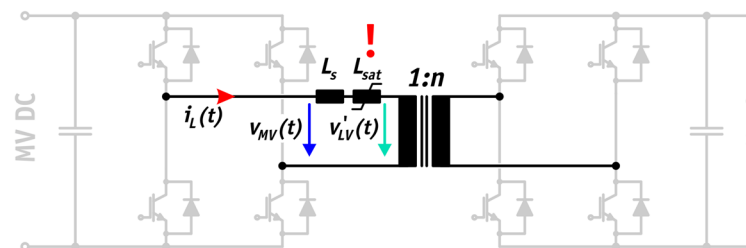
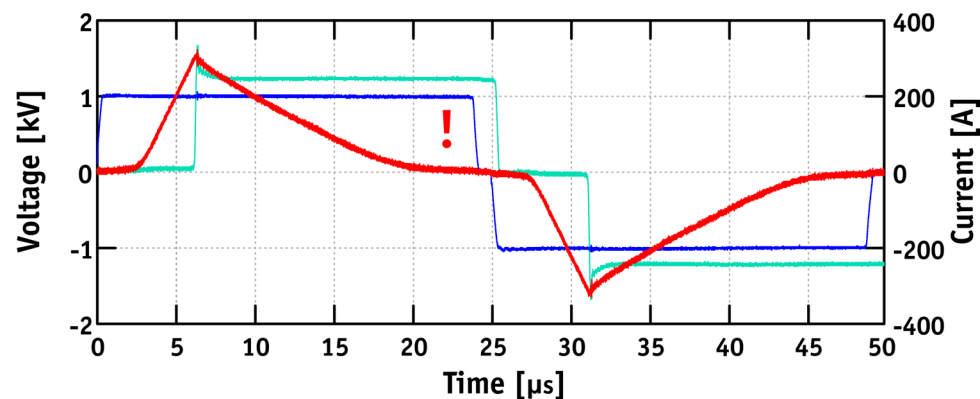
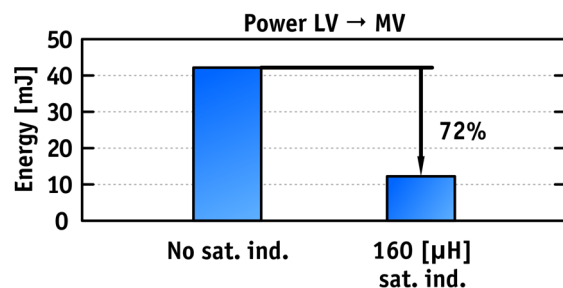
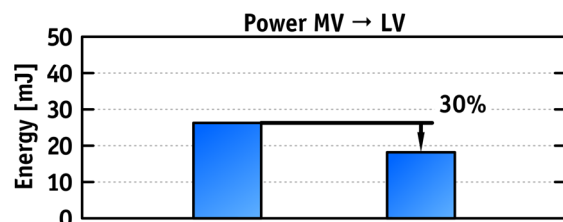
Enhancement - Saturable Inductor

- Provides Time for Charge Carrier Recombination



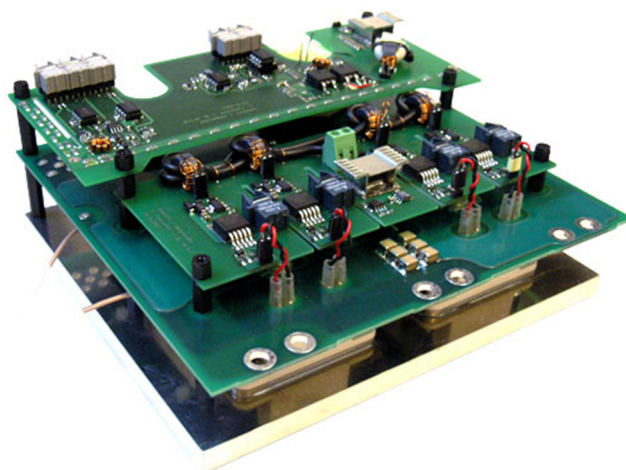
Enhancement - Saturable Inductor

► Loss Reduction for Both Directions of Power Flow

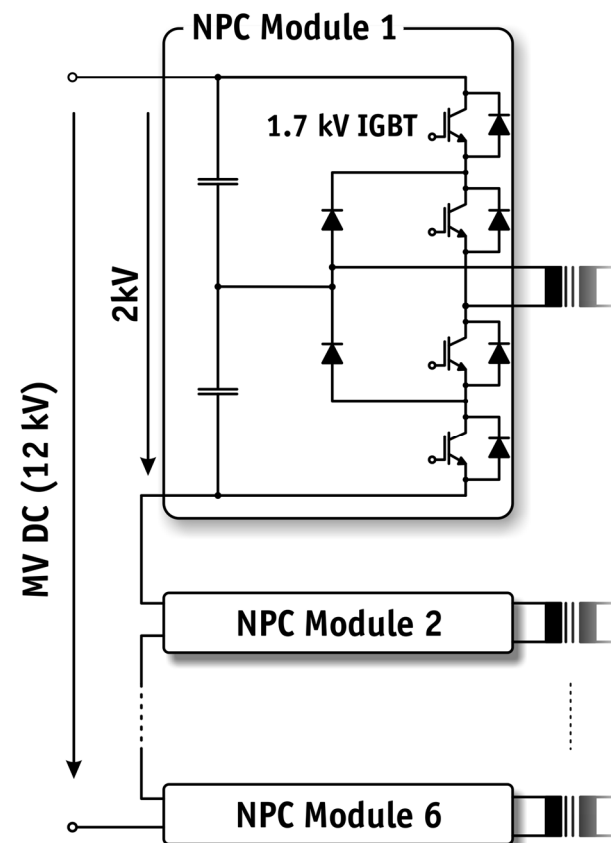


Modular MV Side

- ▶ **Modular Construction due to MF + MV**
- ▶ **1.7 kV IGBT Used in NPC Structure**



▲ 1.7kV PT IGBT NPC Module



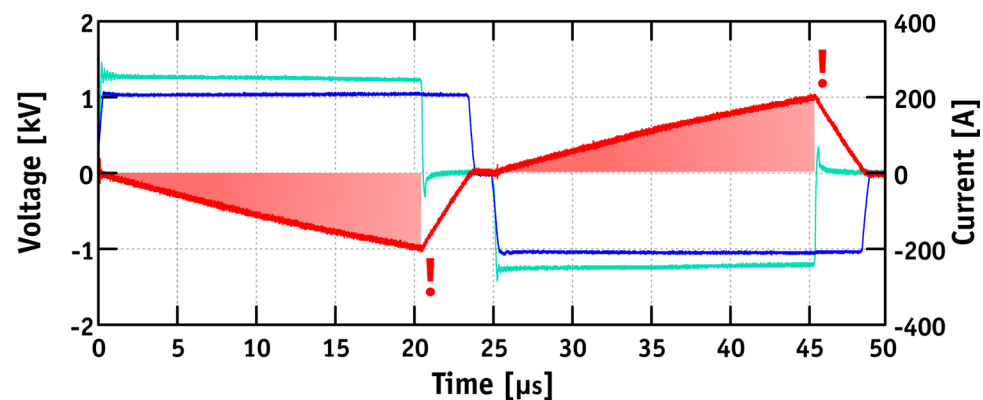
▲ Stacked MV side NPC Modules

Details on
The MEGA Cube

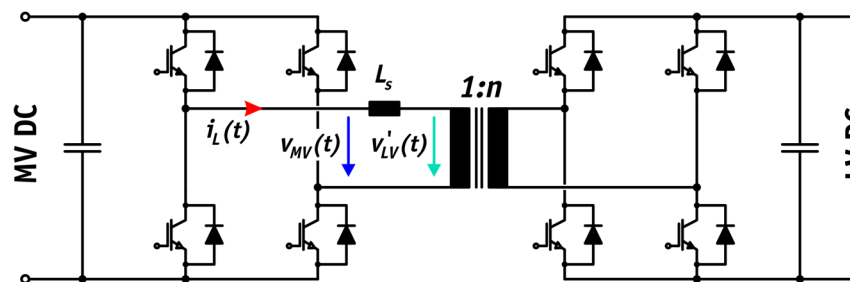
Low-Voltage Side
1.2kV - 20kHz

DAB with Triangular Current

- ▶ High Currents Switched / Conducted on LV side
- ▶ ZCS on MV Side

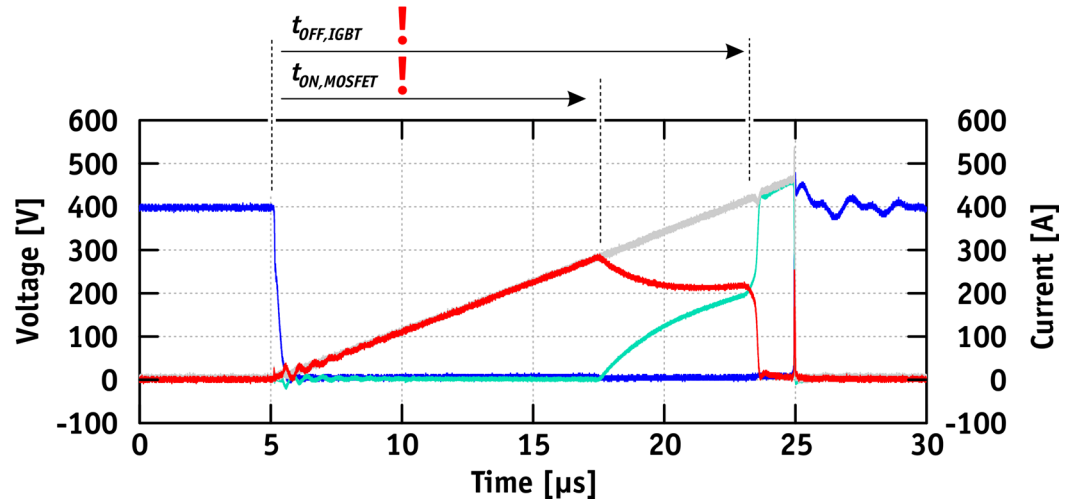
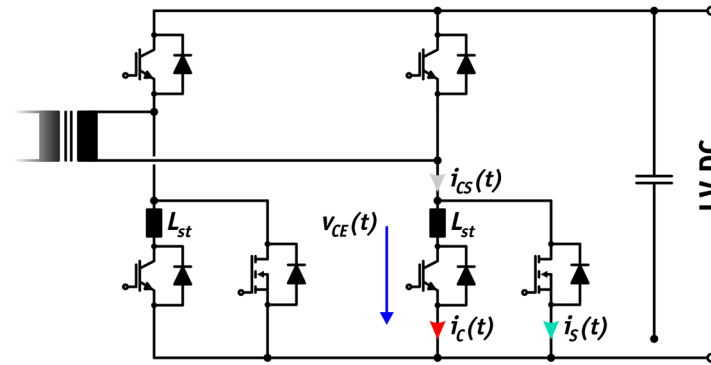


Shown for Power Transfer from MV to LV Side



Hybrid LV Switch

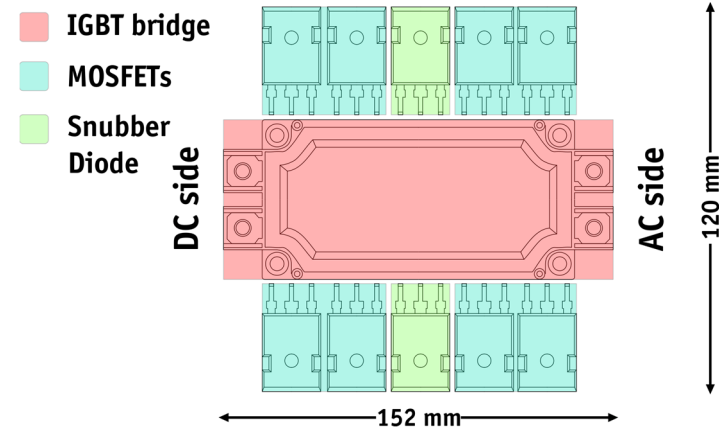
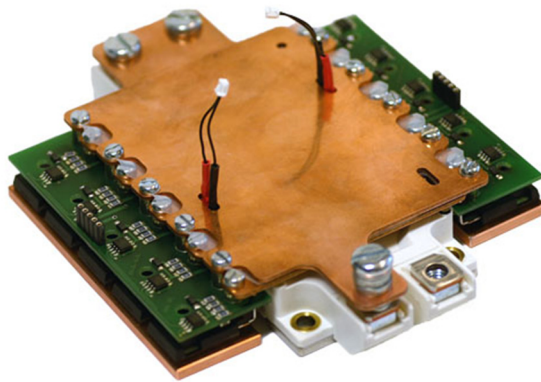
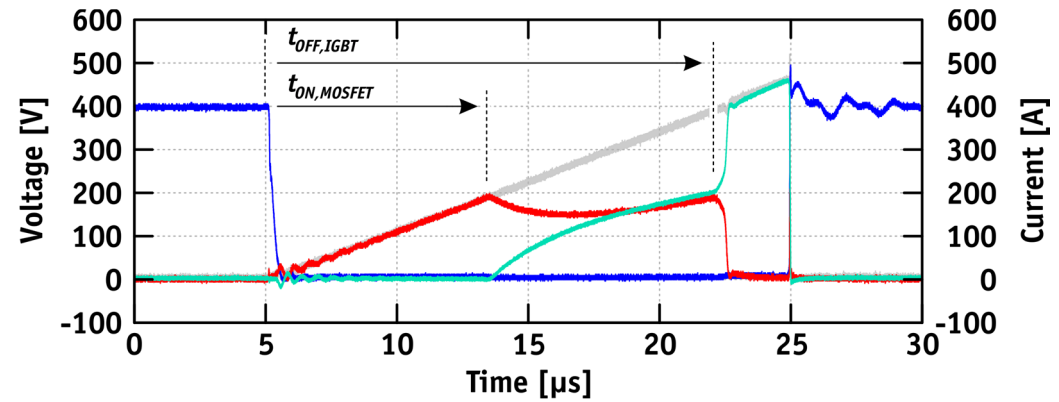
- ▶ Low Conduction Losses → IGBT
- ▶ Low Switching Losses → MOSFET



Circuit Schematic and Waveforms of LV Side Hybrid MOSFET/IGBT Full-Bridge

Module-Based Hybrid Switch

- ▶ IGBT Module: Infineon 600V/600A Econopack
- ▶ MOSFET: Infineon 600V/70A "CoolMOS"

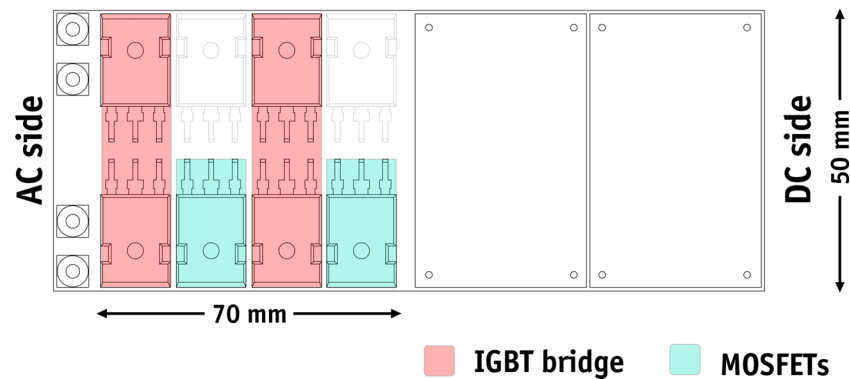
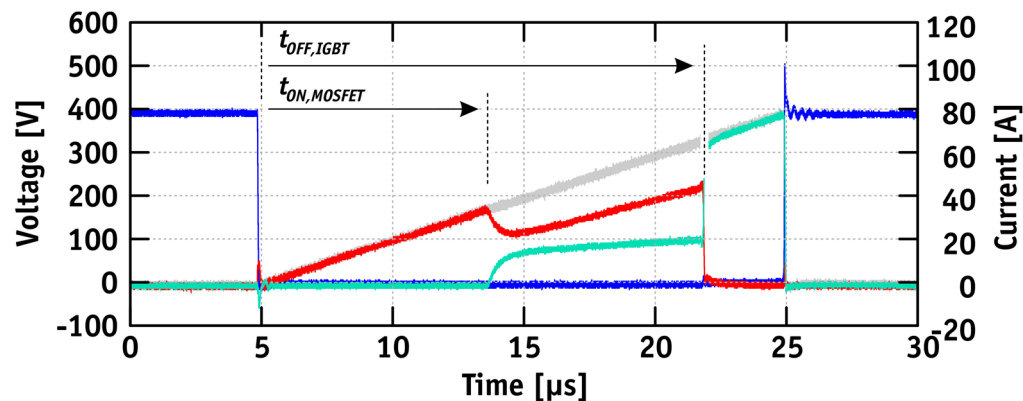
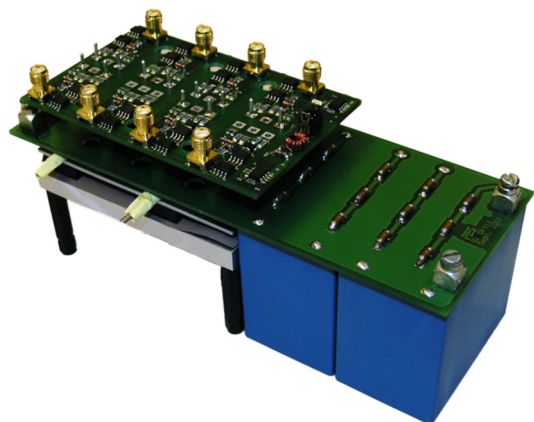


▲ Hybrid Switch Based on IGBT Bridge Leg Module

▲ Hybrid Switch Layout and Waveforms; $t_{ON,MOSFET} = 8\mu s$ / $t_{OFF,IGBT} = 17\mu s$

Interleaved Hybrid Switch

- ▶ IGBT : Infineon 600V/75A Trench Field-Stop
- ▶ MOSFET: Infineon 600V/70A "CoolMOS"

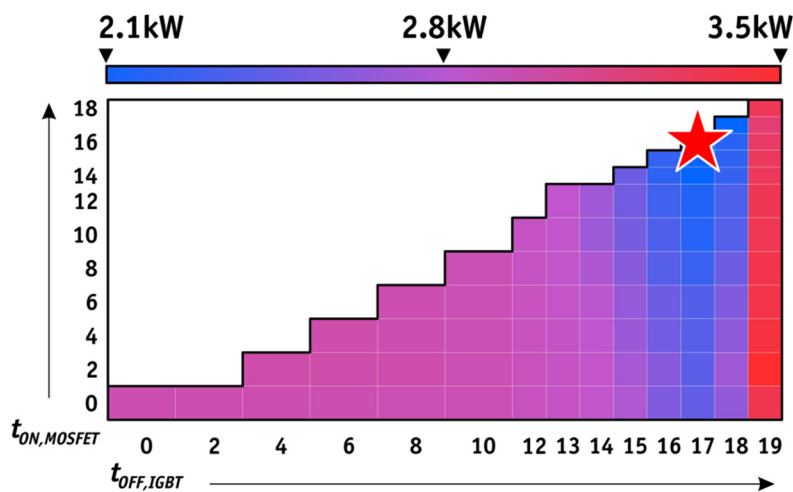


▲ Testbench for Interleaved Hybrid Switch

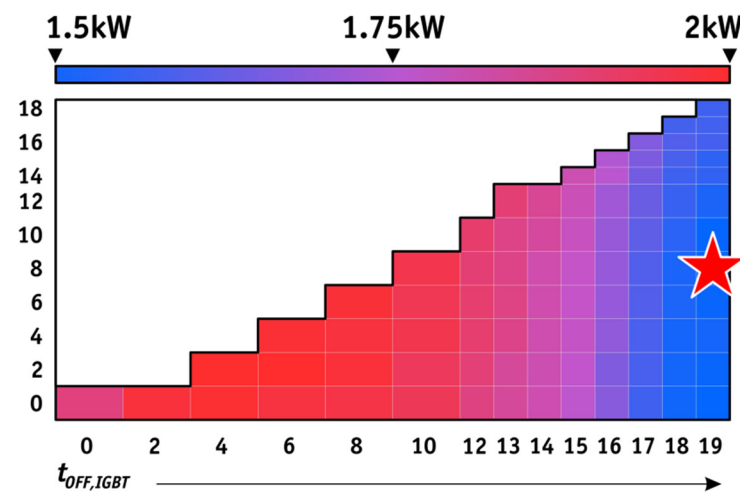
▲ Hybrid Switch Layout and Waveforms; $t_{ON,MOSFET} = 8\mu s$ / $t_{OFF,IGBT} = 17\mu s$

Module-based vs. Interleaved Hybrid Switch

- ▶ Total Losses for a 166 kW Full-Bridge
- ▶ Mesh with Different $t_{ON,MOSFET}$ and $t_{OFF,IGBT}$ Showing Optimal Selection



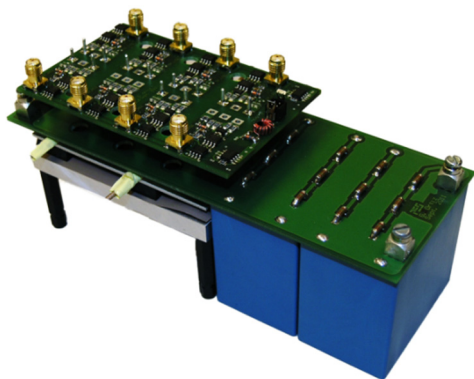
▲ Module-Based Full-Bridge Total Losses (Conduction and Switching)



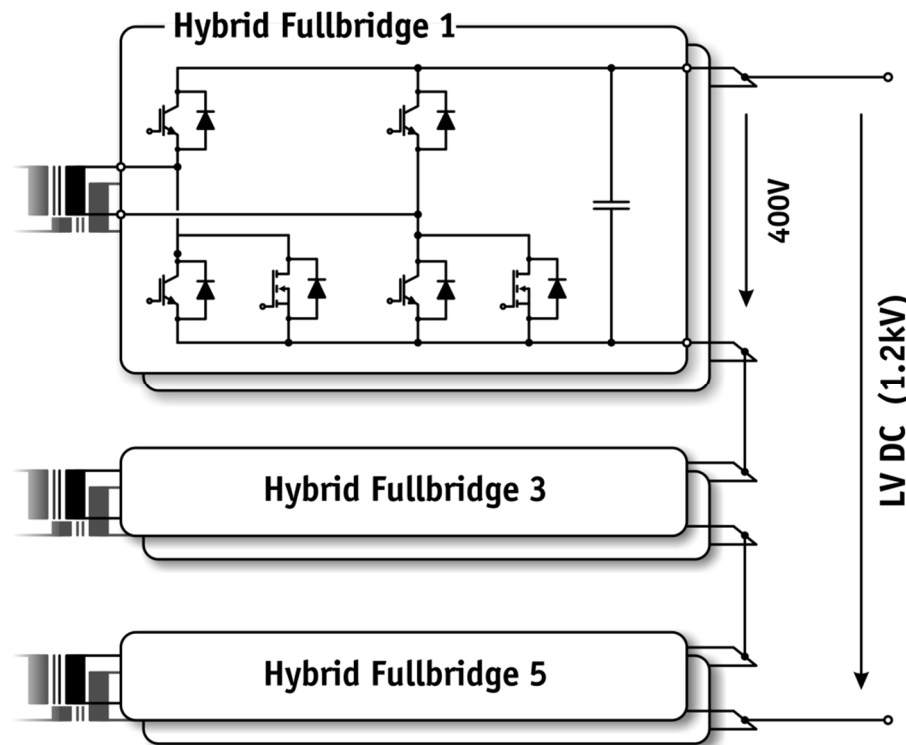
▲ Interleaved Full-Bridge Total Losses (Conduction and Switching)

Modular LV-Side Full-Bridge

- ▶ 6 Modules – 6 x 166 kW
- ▶ Hybrid Switch for Low Conduction/Switching Losses



▲ Testbench for Interleaved Hybrid Switch



▲ Structure of the Modular LV Side Comprising Hybrid Switch

MEGACube The Big Picture

► 6 Modules

► LV Side

Parallel/Series
Connection of 400V
Full Bridges

► MV Side

Series Connection
of NPC Bridges

Module 1

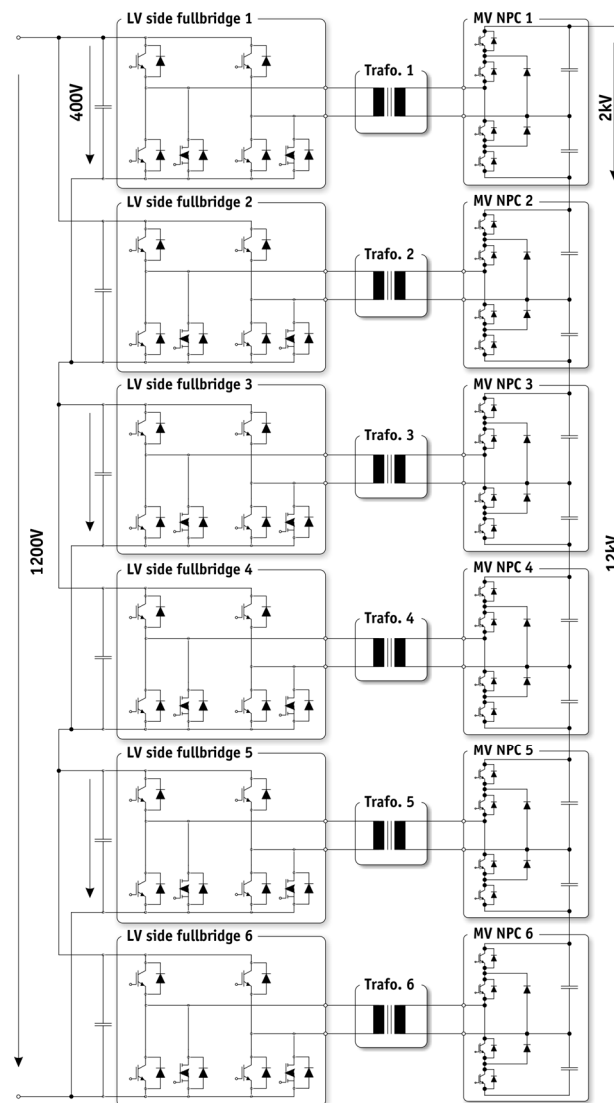
Module 2

Module 3

Module 4

Module 5

Module 6

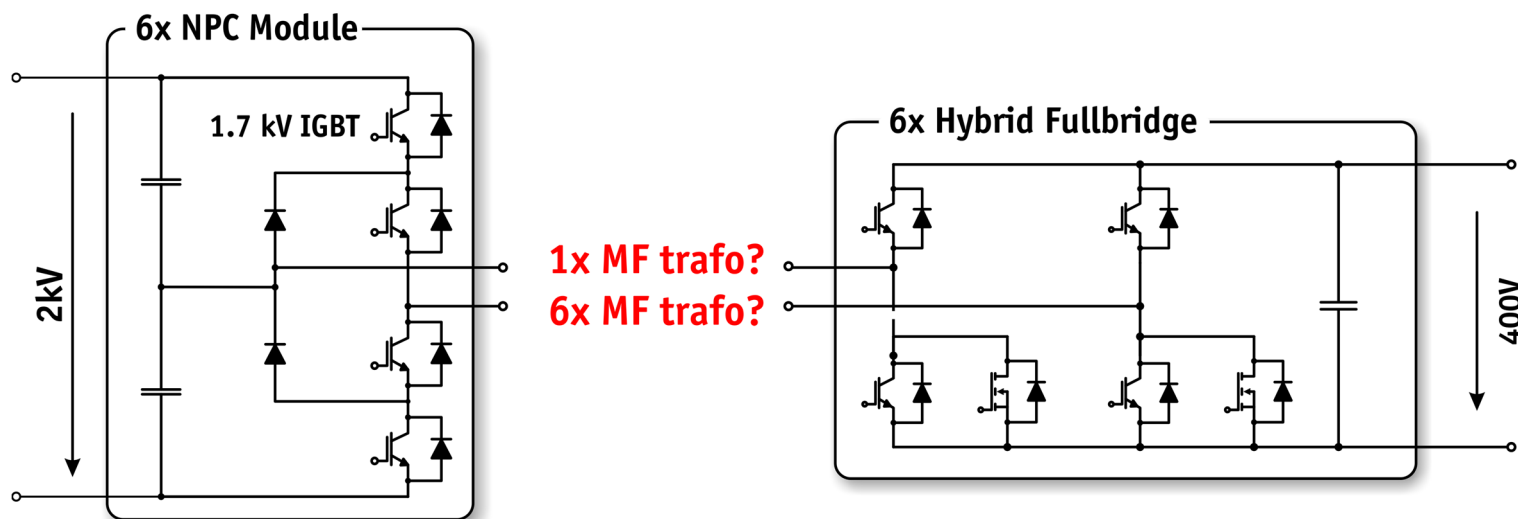


Details on
The MEGA Cube

Transformer
20kHz

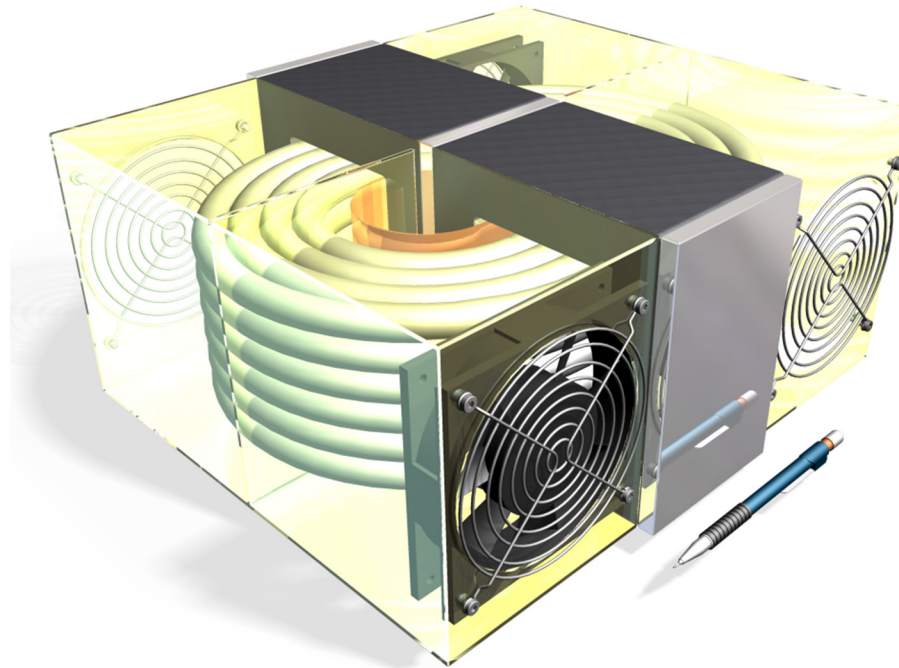
How Many MF Transformers?

- ▶ Six Transformers (One per Module) **OR** One Transformer with 6 LV/MV Windings?



- ▲ MF Transformer - Link of MV NPC Module and LV Hybrid Switch Full-Bridge

Option 1: Shell-Type



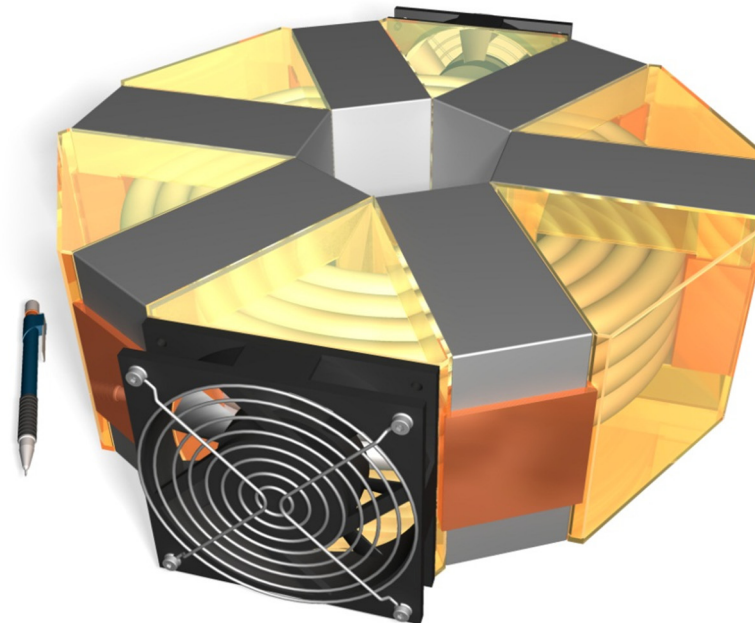
► **E-Shape Based on
Magnetic Core**

- Vitroperm 500F / Heatsinks
- HV Litz Cable /
- LV Foil
- Air-Cooled

▲ **Shell-Type Transformer with
HV Cable Winding Designed for 1MW/20kHz**

Option 2: Matrix-Type

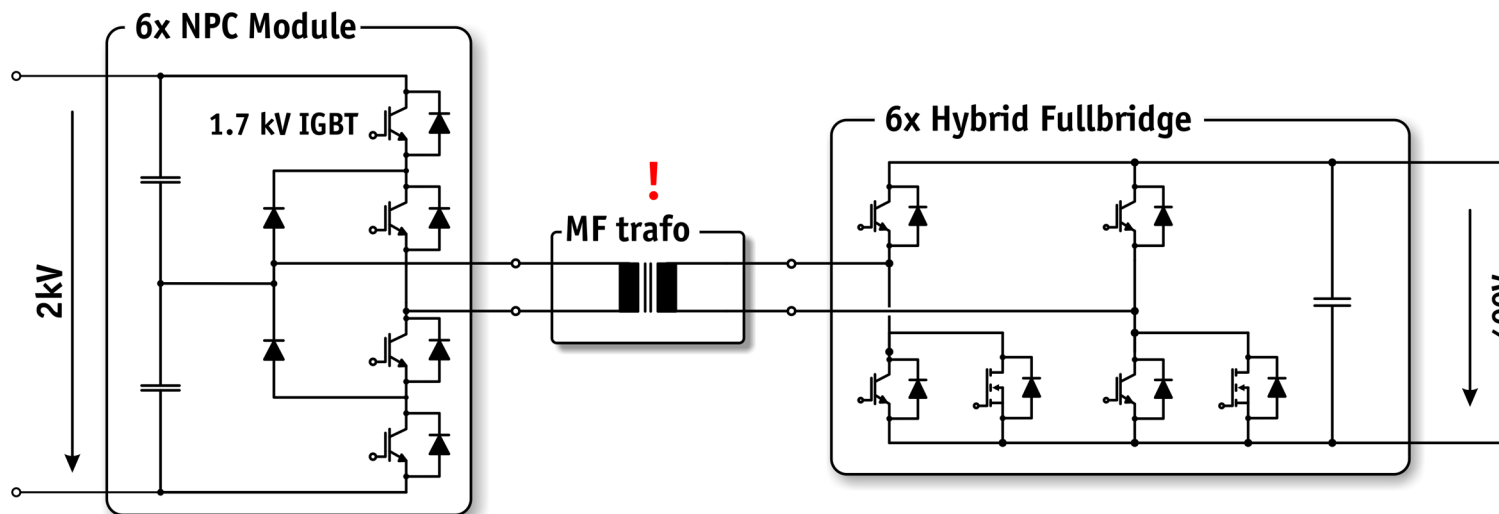
- ▶ Several Cores / Each Realizing a Transformer
- ▶ Realization of the Turns Ratio Through Parallel/ Series Connection
- Vitroperm 500F / Heatsinks
- HV Litz Cable /
- LV Foil
- Air-Cooled



▲ Matrix-Type Transformer with HV Cable Winding Designed for 1MW/20kHz

MF Transformer Split up to 6 Modules

- ▶ Linking MV NPC Module and LV Hybrid-Switch Full-Bridge Modules
- ▶ Isolation + Voltage Adaptation

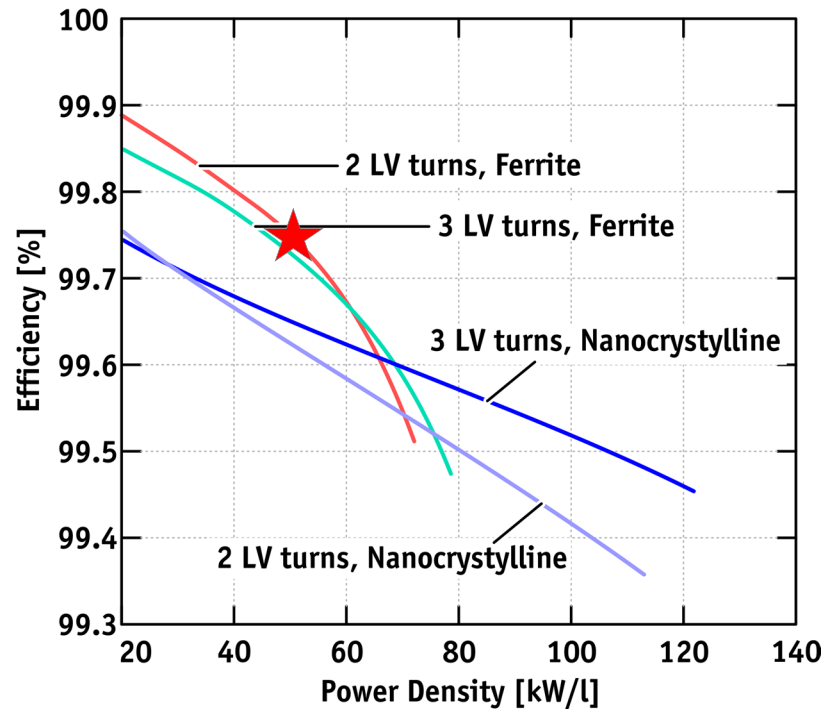


- ▲ Block Diagram of High-Power DC-DC Converter Utilizing Modular LV and MV Converters

Transformer Optimization

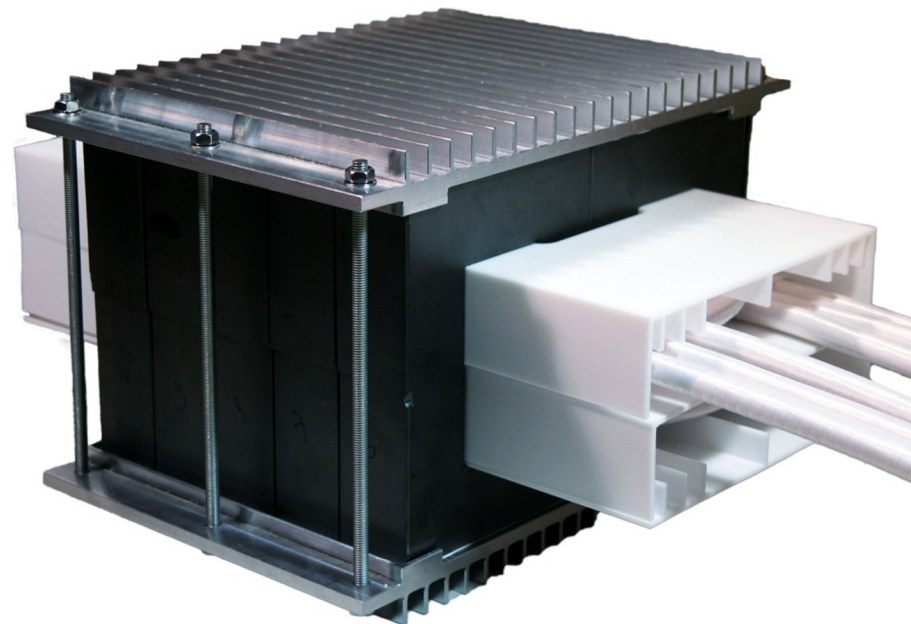
- ▶ Parameter 1: Core Material
- ▶ Parameter 2: LV Winding Number of Turns
- ▶ Selected Design:
 - 2 Turns LV Winding
 - Stacked Ferrite Cores

Power Density vs. Efficiency Pareto Front of the 166kW Transformer



Assembled Transformer

- ▶ 166kW / 20kHz
 - ▶ Ferrite N87
 - ▶ 9500 Strands Litz Wire
 - ▶ PTFE Isolation Bobbin
 - ▶ Forced Air Cooled
-
- ▶ Efficiency: 99.75%
 - ▶ Power Density: 31kW/dm³



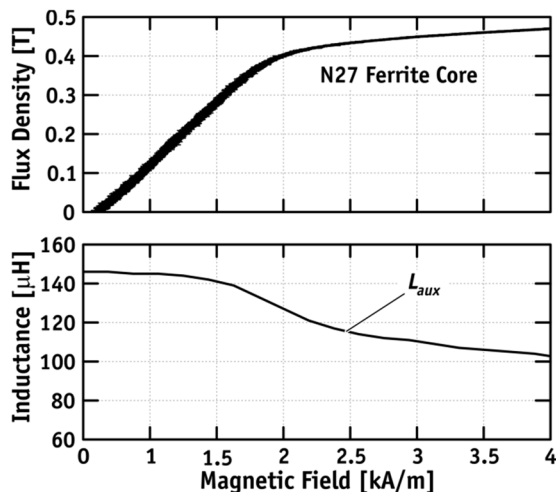
166kW / 20kHz Transformer

Preventing Core Saturation

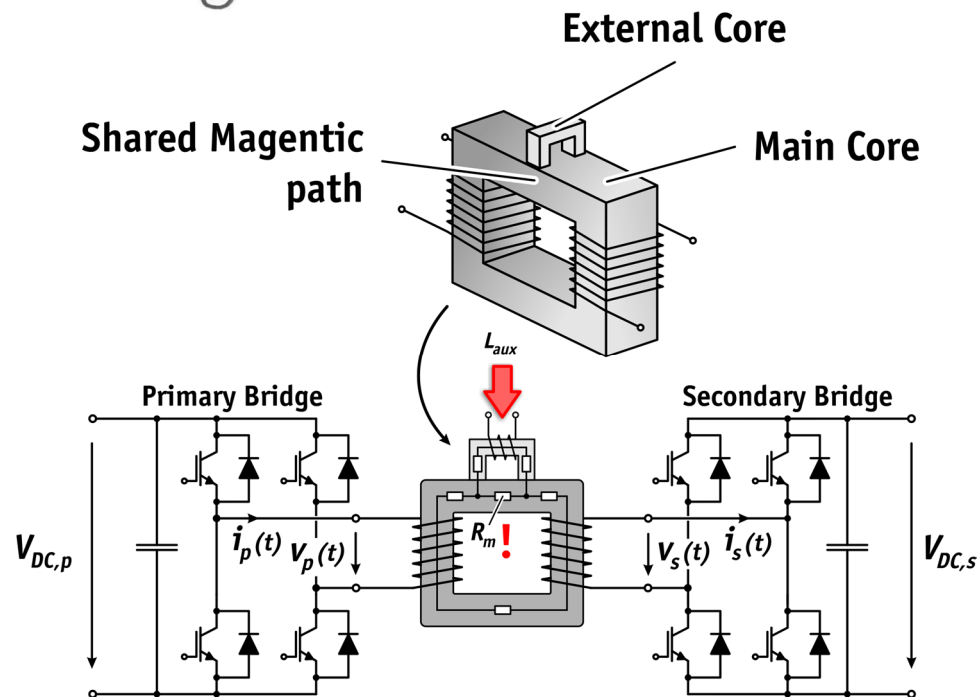
► Flux Density Transducer – Magnetic Ear



Shared Magnetic Path between Main and Auxiliary core



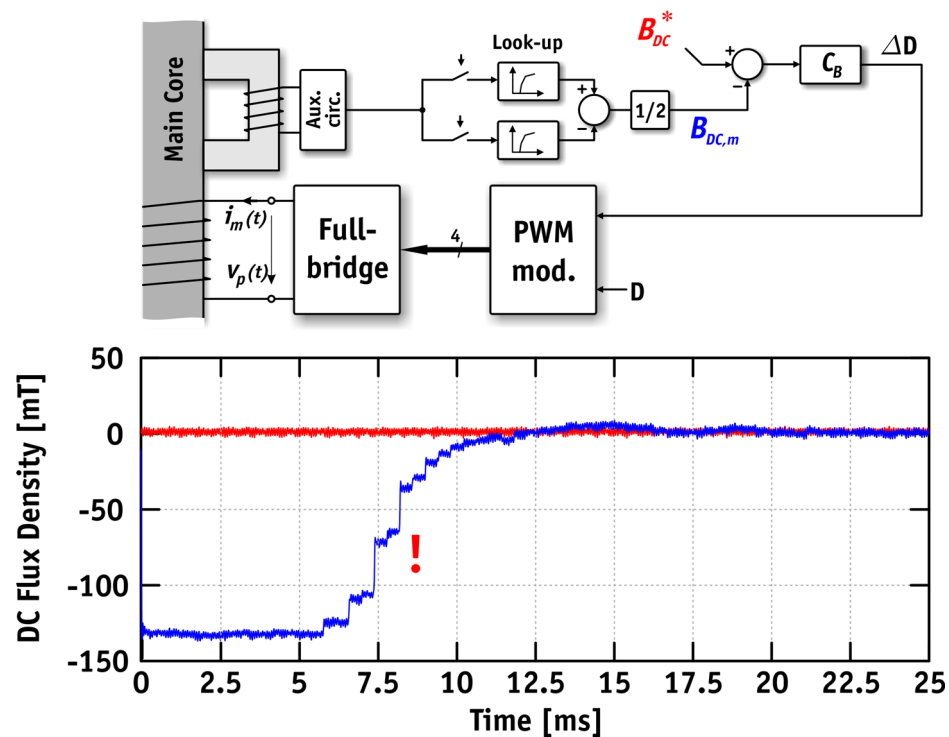
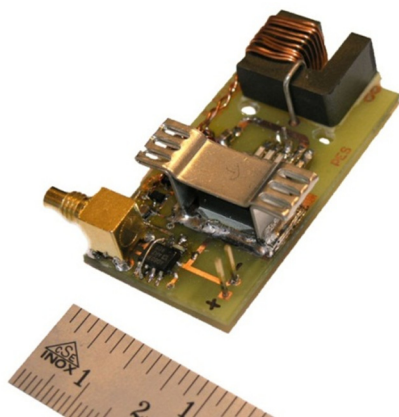
▲ Measured External Core Inductance



▲ Magnetic Ear Concept

Magnetic Ear

- ▶ Closed-Loop Control of the Flux Density in the Main Core
- ▶ Eliminate Problems of DC Magnetization



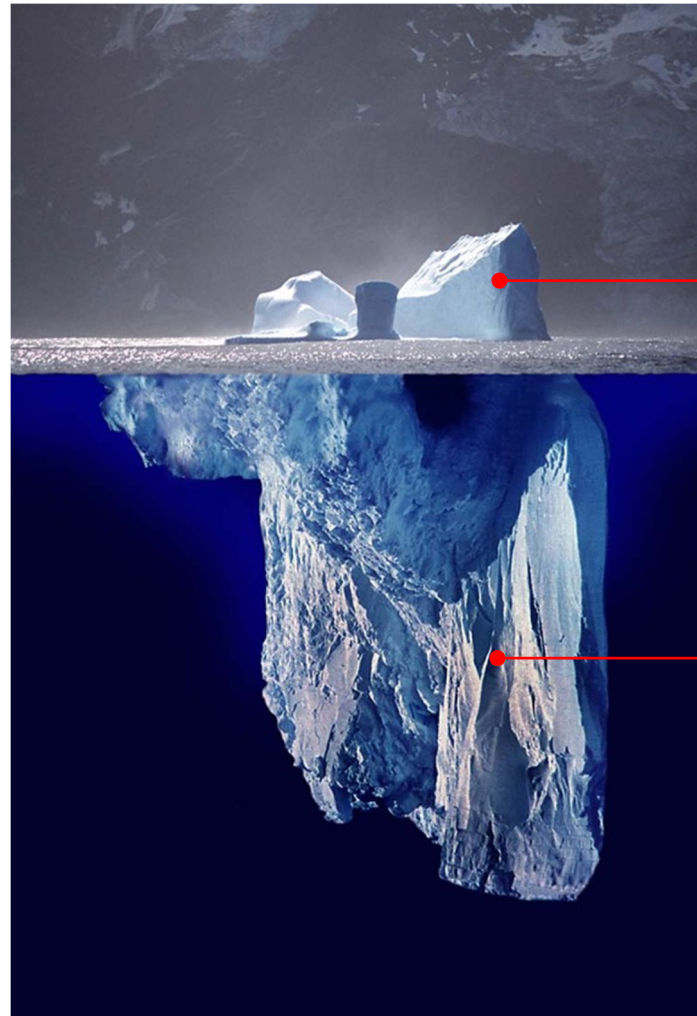
— **Conclusions / Outlook** —

Conclusions

- ▶ **SST Technology Attractive for Traction / Renewable Energy / Smart Grids**
- ▶ **High-Power MF DC-DC Converters are a Key Component for SSTs**
- ▶ **1MW / 20kHz MV to LV MEGA Cube under Construction @ ETH Zurich**
- ▶ **With Available Semiconductors → ZCS required on MV side**
- ▶ **Medium Voltage + Medium Frequency → Modular Arrangement**
- ▶ **Major Opportunities for WBG Power Semiconductors**



Done !



Done !

To be Done...

Outlook

- ▶ Modeling/Simulation of ZCS Behavior
- ▶ High Performance Cooling Systems
- ▶ Magnetics Thermal Management
- ▶ High RMS Currents of Capacitors
- ▶ **Partial Discharge Testing**
- ▶ **Common Mode Voltages of Stacked MV Modules**
- ▶ Alternative Core Materials
- ▶ Winding Resonances
- ▶ High-Current Medium-Frequency Test Setup
- ▶ ...

Thank You!

Questions?

