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# Novel bearingless motor concept with 26 poles and 24 slots

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Motivation Basic principle: passive bearing Basic principle: active bearing and

## Motivation and applications of bearingless slice motors

## Properties of bearingless slice motors

- Ultra compact setup
- Passive axial and tilting bearing
- Active radial bearing and PMSM
- Large air-gap possible
- High torque



#### Application

50

- Hermetically encapsulated rotor in process chamber
- For biotechnology, pharma and semiconductor industry

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Motivation Basic principle: passive bearing Basic principle: active bearing and drive

Basic principle: passive axial and tilting PM bearing





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## Basic principle: passive axial and tilting PM bearing



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Motivation Basic principle: passive bearing Basic principle: active bearing and drive

## Basic principle: active radial bearing and motor drive



#### Principle

57

- Active radial magnetic bearing for Δx and Δy
- Permanent magnet synchronous motor (PMSM)
- Stator with bearing and drive windings...
- ...and position and angular sensors
- Rotor with permanent magnets and back iron

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## Basic principle: active radial bearing and motor drive



#### Key parameter

- Number of stator teeth: N = 24 $\Rightarrow 12$  motor teeth
  - $\Rightarrow$  12 bearing teeth
- Number of rotor pole-pairs: p = 13

#### Principle

31

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31

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Basic principle: active radial bearing and motor drive



31

Permanent magnet synchronous drive Active radial magentic bearing

#### Permanent magnet synchronous drive



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#### Permanent magnet synchronous drive



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#### Permanent magnet synchronous drive



6 GG-02 Novel bearingless motor with 26 poles and 24 slots





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## Active radial magnetic bearing



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## Active radial magnetic bearing



7 GG-02 Novel bearingless motor with 26 poles and 24 slots



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Bearing force optimization Motor torque optimization

## Parameter Optimization

#### Parameter to be optimized

- Rotor and stator length I
- Magnet thickness  $\delta_{magnet}$
- Magnet shape
- Tooth width w<sub>tooth</sub>
- Number of windings

#### Criteria

- Maximum motor torque T<sub>M</sub>
- Minimum cogging torque *T<sub>cogging</sub>*
- Maximum levitation F<sub>x</sub>
- Maximum axial stiffness k<sub>z</sub>
- Minimum radial stiffness k<sub>r</sub>

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#### $\Rightarrow$ Optimization using 3D-FEM simulation

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Bearing force optimization Motor torque optimization

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## Motor torque optimization (example)



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9 GG-02 Novel bearingless motor with 26 poles and 24 slots

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## Bearing force optimization (example)



Prototype Experimental performance

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#### Laboratory Prototype



Experimental performance

## Performance Results

#### Prototype properties

- Outer diameter: D = 500 mm
- Rotor weight: m = 3.1 kg
- Air-gap:  $\delta = 7 \text{ mm}$

#### Bearing performance

- Max. bearing force:  $F_x = 155$  N
- Max. displacment during acceleration:  $\Delta x = 69 \ \mu m$
- Radial stiffness:  $k_r = -70.0 \text{ N/mm}$
- Axial stiffness:  $k_7 = 20.1$  N/mm

#### Motor performance

313

- Max. speed:  $n_{max} = 1800$  rpm
- Acceleration time:  $t_{0-1500} = 1.5 \text{ s}$
- ۰ Rated torque: T = 13.1 Nm

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Prototype Experimental performance

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31

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#### Motor Performance



14 GG-02 Novel bearingless motor with 26 poles and 24 slots

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#### **Bearing Performance**



15 GG-02 Novel bearingless motor with 26 poles and 24 slots